Weather

Fine today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 32.6 and the minimum 26, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 38.5 and 23.

THE CHINA PRESS
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A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

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MODERATES AGAIN WIELD POWER IN GERMAN CABINET

Independent Socialists All Forced Out, Says Message From Berlin

EBERT IN CONTROL

Is Named Joint President Of New Government With Scheidemann

PEACE IS DOUBTFUL

Another Effort By Liebknecht To Seize Reins Is Probable

(French Wireless)

Basle, December 31.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). In an appeal issued by the government to workers, soldiers, citizens and women, it is stated that the Independent Socialists have left the Government and that the remaining members of the Cabinet have put their resignations in the hands of the Council to enable it to have a free hand to meet any eventuality. The Council have unanimously confirmed them again in their functions.

Ebert And Scheidemann Rule

This appeal again announces that Comrades Noske, Wissel and Loebe have entered the Cabinet to replace the outgoing members, in accordance with a unanimous decision of the Central Council. The presidents of the new Government are Ebert and Scheidemann. Thus Ebert and the Socialist Majority Party are still masters of the situation. The Independent Socialists are retiring from the Government and are being replaced by members of the Majority Party. But the departure of Haase and his friends deprives the Cabinet of those of its members who have broken with the members of the old regime while it is difficult to believe that Liebknecht and his supporters are willing to be disarmed.

Soviet Gives Approval

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Copenhagen, December 29.—It is officially reported from Berlin that the Government crisis has been solved by the retirement of the Independent Socialists from the administration. The superintending Soviet has approved the measures proposed by Herrn Ebert, Scheidemann and Landsberg to secure the release of the town commander, Wels, but the Independent Socialists did not accept this decision and are attacking Herr Ebert and his colleagues who remain in the Government, in which South Germany is about to be represented.

Amsterdam, December 29.—A message from Berlin states that the Spartacus Group are preparing to overthrow the present government on December 29, intending to proclaim a new government under Liebknecht, Ledebour and Eichhorn. The Spartacus Party declare that their hour has arrived and that, assisted by the sailors, they can demolish resistance. The sailors, contrary to their agreement, continue to occupy the Royal Palace where Liebknecht is staying. On the other hand the Majority Socialists are apparently ready to take up the challenge and have arranged great demonstrations for December 29 and are calling on organised labor to fight the extremists.

Conflicting Reports In London

London, December 29.—The situation in Berlin is still nebulous. One report says that the Ebert cabinet has fallen while another quotes Herr Scheidemann as declaring that the Majority Socialists do not intend to retire since they have a majority both in the Government and in the Central Council of Soviets.

The Vorwarts exhorts supporters of the Majority Socialists to fight to the last man against the red terror. Workmen must eject the followers of Dr. Liebknecht. The Lokal Anzeiger expresses the opinion that a Majority Socialist government is impossible unless the Central Government is removed from Berlin.

MANILA CABLE RESTORED

The Shanghai-Manila line of the Commercial Pacific Cable Co., which has been interrupted for several weeks, has been restored and communication is resumed, according to announcement by the company.

Powers Give Consent To China's Embargo On Silver And Gold

Diplomatic Corps Agrees Subject To Conditions Which It Specifies

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, December 31.—The Diplomatic Corps, on December 23, replying to the Chinese note of August 24 which submitted proposed regulations for the prohibition of the export of gold, silver and copper, whether in the form of bullion, coin or manufactured articles, informed the Chinese Government that after serious consideration they desired to convey their agreement with the proposed measure subject to the following modification of the regulations:

(1). Exception should be made regarding the exportation of raw silver and silver coins in effecting payment for imported articles or settling similar indebtedness or forwarding salaries and other allowances to be paid in silver or in case of remittance by other means entailing great loss. In the last mentioned case, if the Commissioner of Customs considers exportation undesirable the Consul interested and the foreign banks at the port in question should be consulted and the matter decided in accordance with their views, but if the Consul and the banks do not agree the matter should be decided between the Commissioner of Customs, the Consul and the banks by the decision of the majority. If the Commissioner of Customs considers exportation necessary, a license should be granted without further consultation of anyone.

(2) Exception should be made of silver and copper articles that are not liable to be used as bullion, the exportation value of which, namely, is more than thirty percent higher than bullion of the same weight, or articles in which silver or copper are not the main ingredient.

(3) Exception should be made in the case of bullion containing less than fifty percent silver or copper.

(4) The maximum amount of silver coin which Chinese, Allied, American and neutral travelers are allowed to carry should be fixed at $200 instead of $100, but it may be provided that any traveler passing across the frontier frequently in a specified short period should not be allowed to carry more than $100 unless he is able to prove that the object in view is not the exportation of silver.

(5) The conditions governing the exportation of gold should be the same as those governing the exportation of silver.

(6) The regulations should remain in force until the interested Powers deem them no longer necessary.

(7) In Article I of the draft regulations the sentence regarding the shipment of silver etcetera from one Chinese port to another should be amended to read: "These regulations shall not be applied to the shipment of such from one port to another."

(8) Provision should be made for the exportation of silver, etcetera, the ultimate destination of which is China, as in the case of transportation to Yunnan through Indo-China.

WILSON ENDORSES PLAN FOR ENEMY FOOD RELIEF

Scheme To Fight Famine Formulated By Mr. Hoover And Submitted To Allies

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 29.—The Sunday Express understands that President Wilson has endorsed and submitted to the Allies a scheme for fighting famine in the Central Empires and liberated nations which his advisers, including Mr. Hoover, have formulated. President Wilson favors the immediate appointment of a Director-General for Relief, whose work would supplement that of the inter-Allied Food Council.

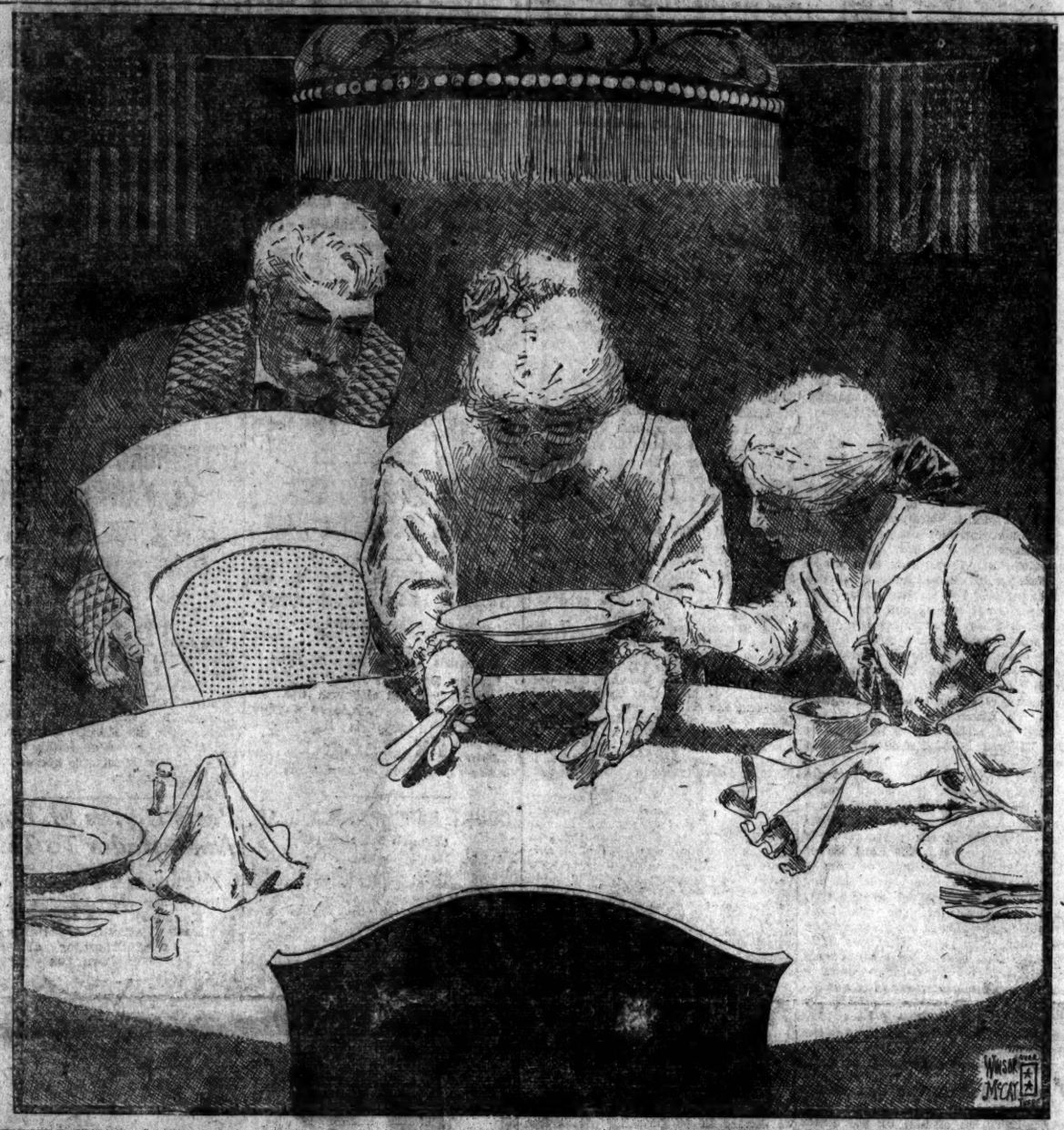
OMSK ARMY'S SUCCESS IS DECISIVE VICTORY

31,000 Prisoners Captured With Much Booty And Ten Regiments Annihilated

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Omsk, December 30.—The success of the Omsk troops is developing. The Siberian army has crossed the Kama and is pursuing the enemy towards Glazo. 31,000 prisoners have been captured, also an enormous quantity of military equipment, armored trains and wagons and all the baggage vans belonging to the 3rd Bolshevik army. Ten regiments of this army have been annihilated and it has ceased to exist. The 3rd Army represented one-third of the whole Bolshevik troops on the Siberian front. Many Bolshevik leaders have been captured.

He's Coming Home — By Winsor McCay



LONG CONFERENCE HELD BY BALFOUR AND HOUSE

Details Of Organisation For Peace Conference Reported Agreed On

(French Wireless)

Paris, January 1.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). Mr. A. J. Balfour, the British Minister for Foreign Affairs, who has arrived in Paris from London, has had a long interview with Colonel House. This conference, which follows the conversations which President Wilson had with Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Balfour in London, has resulted in the settlement of the details of organisations required for the Peace Conference.

Mr. Balfour left this evening for Cannes.

Allies Are Agreed On Treaty, Says Poincare

Paris, January 1.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). During an interview given to a representative of the United Press of America the President of the Republic states that France, the United States and the Allies in general will come to the forthcoming Peace Conference in complete agreement concerning the basis of the peace. All the noise concerning serious divergences of views, affirmed M. Poincare, came from German sources. President Poincare expects to pay a visit to America after the Peace Conference.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, December 29.—In the Chamber of Deputies, M. Pichon, Minister of Foreign Affairs, stated that the Government did not want to pursue a policy of annexation but it reserved entire liberty concerning the frontiers of Alsace-Lorraine. He said that Germany was conquered, not crushed, and she must be prevented from finding compensation for her losses in German Austria.

M. Pichon declared that the action of the Allies in Russia was confined to reorganising the Russian forces in order to enable them to effect the economic encirclement of Bolshevism.

M. Franklin Soullon, President of the Foreign Committee, speaking in the Chamber of Deputies, said that the Hear (? Saar) mining basin must be included in Alsace-Lorraine and no enemy troops or fortresses must remain on the left bank of the Rhine or within twenty-five miles of the right bank.

Coalitionists Win Majority Of Three To One In Commons

Result Regarded As Personal Victory For Lloyd George; Sinn Fein Third In Strength, Supplanting Nationalists

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 29.—An analysis of the final returns, except one, Kennington, gives the composition of the new House as follows:

Coalition Unionists 334
Coalition Liberals 133
Coalition Labor 10
Unionists 50
Liberals 28
Labor 62

Independents, comprising two representatives of the National Party, one Socialist, one Co-operator, one Discharged Sailors and Soldiers nominee and four members without classification, total 9.

There will be 7 Nationalists while 73 Sinn Feiners have been elected.

The following is an analysis of the votes polled in England and Wales:

Coalition Unionists 3,483,000
Coalition Liberals 1,372,390
Coalition Laborites 172,955
Non-Coalition Liberals 1,300,600
Non-Coalition Laborites 2,237,100
Non-Coalition Unionists 323,200
Independents 469,700.

London, December 30.—Parliament meets on January 21.

Result Is Huge Surprise

London, December 29, 4:20 a.m.—Up to midnight December 28-29, 706 election returns had been announced, including seventy-three Sinn Feiners. The result of the election in Kennington will be announced on January 3.

That the Coalition would be victorious was a foregone conclusion, but it was not expected that Mr. Lloyd George would obtain a majority in proportion almost of five to one nor that there would be such a complete rout of Mr. Asquith's supporters. Pacifists and women candidates. Not only has no Coalitionist Minister been defeated, but they have mostly been re-elected by extraordinary majorities, figures like 10,000 being quite common. On the contrary the Pacifists have been ignominously defeated while the Laborites have also fared badly. The latter were expected to secure at least 100 seats and, though their actual representation in the new Parliament will be larger than in the old Parliament, those returned are generally distinguished for the soundness of their views during the war.

As the Sinn Feiner Countess Markiewitz is the only woman who has been elected and as the Sinn Feiners, who emerge from the election the third strongest party, refuse to sit at Westminster, the House of Commons remains exclusively male. Miss Christabel Pankhurst came nearest to election of the women candidates, though defeated by a narrow majority by a Labor candidate. Other women, including some who are foremost in the women's movement, were decisively rejected, and at least two, Mrs. Strachey and Mrs. How Martyn, must forfeit their deposit of £150, which is the penalty which the new Franchise Act imposes on every candidate who fails to obtain one-eighth of the votes polled. This penalty they share with over 100 candidates, for a remarkable feature of the election is the frequency of enormous majorities. Mr. McKinnon Wood, Mr. Pringle and Mr. Austin Harrison are notable among those who are thus penalised.

London Solidly Coalition

It is difficult to compare the results of this election with those of the 1910 election owing to numerous re-arrangements of constituencies, but a comparison with the County areas shows that London is solidly pro-Coalition, only three Independent Liberals having been returned

(Continued on Page 8)

U.S. NAVY POLICY HINGES ON PEACE CONFERENCE

Unless All Nations Stop Building, America Will Construct World's Greatest Fleet

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, January 1.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—Secretary of the Navy Daniels on Monday before the House Naval Committee said: "It is my firm conviction that if the conference at Versailles does not result in a general agreement to put an end to naval building on the part of all nations then the United States must bend her will and bend her energy and must give her men and her money to the task of the creation of the incomparably greatest navy in the world."

With the completion of the proposed new three-year building program adding ten dreadnaughts, six battle-cruisers, ten scout cruisers and 130 smaller craft to its fleet, America will rank second in naval strength to Great Britain, said Mr. Daniels.

Representative Kelley of Michigan asked: "Does the President back the policy to make us the first naval power in the world?"

"Yes, if competitive building is to continue," replied Mr. Daniels. "We are now easily the second naval power but this program will not make us the first power."

Mr. Daniels said that if the League of Nations is established America must provide a large part of the world's police force necessary to the enforcement of the league's decrees. He added that if such a league were formed it would not be necessary to carry out the full construction authorised in the program and proposed that the committee include in the bill a provision empowering the President to halt construction at his discretion if an international agreement is made.

"I would like to let the world know," said Mr. Daniels, "that we are tremendously interested in the present program for reduction in armament." He added that in reducing from $200,000,000 to $60,000,000 the amount asked for work on the new building program in the next fiscal year some further construction might still be necessary. "I guess we want some more modern ships in our police force."

WILSON IN PARIS, WILL LEAVE SOON ON VISIT TO ITALY

Makes Speech At Manchester After Receiving Freedom Of City

ISOLATION FOR U.S.?

Will Have No Part In European Politics Except In League

FOR WORLD PEACE

That Is America's Only Reason For Breaking Traditional Policy

(French Wireless)

Brussels, December 31.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). President Wilson is expected to arrive in Brussels at the beginning of January. He will be the guest of the King of the Belgians and will stay at the former residence of Princess Clementine. The King will give a big banquet at the Winter Palace in honor of the President of the United States.

Paris, January 1.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). President Wilson, who returned to Paris from London on Tuesday evening, will leave shortly for Italy.

Talks At Manchester

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 30.—President Wilson this morning visited the Manchester Ship Canal. He then drove through streets lined with cheering crowds to the Town Hall, where a reception was given in his honor at which the leading American residents of the city were present.

The great event of the day followed, namely, the conferring on President Wilson of the freedom of the city in the historic Free Trade Hall, which was packed with people long before the ceremony. Responding to the conference of the freedom of the city, President Wilson emphasised the necessity of an easy constant method of conference to settle disputes before they became serious and so to maintain the peace of the world.

President Wilson was again received with great enthusiasm as he drove to the station en route to London.

Visits Ancestral Home

London, December 29.—President and Mrs. Wilson today visited Carlisle, where the President's grandfather was a Congregational Minister and where his mother was born. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson were ceremoniously received and enthusiastically welcomed. President Wilson signed the Burgers' Roll as a Freeman of the City. The proceedings were quiet owing to its being a Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson will proceed to Manchester where the President will receive the freedom of the city.

Manchester, December 30.—President Wilson, after visiting the Manchester Ship Canal and being cheered by huge crowds in the streets, was presented with the honorary freedom of Manchester in the Town Hall. The Lord Mayor in an address said:

"President Wilson at a critical moment in the history of the war spoke the essential word that was to decide the issue. He rose to the great occasion and set himself an unprecedented task. They beheld in him a man of vision and foresight, not a staid dreamer, for his dreams were fulfilled, a fact which needed no further argument when it was remembered how his fourteen points had become within twelve months a real basis for settlement."

On the President rising to sign the roll of Manchester's freemen the audience rose and sang "For he's a jolly good fellow."

The President's Speech

The President in reply said:

"My Lord Mayor, ladies and gentlemen—perhaps I may be permitted to add, fellow citizens—you have made me feel in a way that is deeply delightful the generous welcome which you have accorded me and back of it I know there lies the same sort of feeling for the great

people whom I have the privilege of representing. There is a feeling of cordiality, fraternity and friendship between the two great nations and as I have gone from place to place and have been made everywhere to feel the pulse of sympathy that is now beating between us, I have been led to some very serious thoughts as to what the basis of it all is. For I think you will agree with me that friendship is not a mere sentiment, patriotism is not a mere sentiment, it is based upon a principle, upon the principle that leads a man to give more than he demands. Similarly friendship is based not merely upon affection but upon common service. The man is not your friend who is not willing to serve you and you are not his friend unless you are willing to serve him. And out of that impulse of common interest and desire of common service arises that noble feeling which we consecrate as friendship. And so it does seem to me that the theme that we must have in our minds now in this great day of settlement is the theme of common interest and the determination of what it is that is our common interest.

"You know that heretofore the world has been governed, or at any rate the attempt has been made to govern it, by partnership of interest and that they have broken down. Interest does not bind men together. Interest separates men. For the moment there is the slightest departure from the nice adjustment of interests then jealousies begin to spring up. There is only one thing that can bind peoples together and that is a common devotion to right. Ever since the history of liberty began men have talked about their rights and it has taken several hundred years to make them perceive that the principal condition of right is duty and that unless a man performs his full duty he is entitled to no right. It is a fine corollation of the influence of duty that right is the equipoise and balance of society.

America's Future Position

"And so when we analyse the present situation and the future that we now have to mould and control it seems to me there is no other thought than that that can guide us. You know that the United States has always felt from the very beginning of her history that she must keep herself separate from any kind of connection with European politics. I want to say very frankly to you that she is not now interested in European politics but she is interested in the partnership of right between America and Europe.

"If the future had nothing for us but a new attempt to keep the world at a right poise by a balance of power the United States would take no interest because she will join no combination of power which is not a combination of all of us. She is not interested merely in the peace of Europe but in the peace of the world. Therefore it seems to me that in the settlement which is just ahead of us something more delicate and difficult than was ever attempted before has to be accomplished—a genuine concert of mind and of purpose. But while it is difficult there is an element present that makes it easy. Never before in the history of the world I believe has there been such a keen international consciousness as there is now.

"Men all over the world have been embarrassed by international antagonism and that the interest of each is the interest of all and that men as men are the objects of government and international arrangement. There is a great voice of humanity abroad in the world just now which he who cannot hear is deaf. There is a great compulsion of the common conscience now in existence which, if any statesman resist, will gain him the most unenviable eminence in history. We are not obeying the mandate of parties or of politics. We are obeying the mandate of humanity. That is the reason why it seems to me that the things that are most often in our minds are the least significant. I am not hopeful that the individual items of the settlement which we are about to attempt will be altogether satisfactory. One has only to apply his mind to any one of the questions of boundary and of altered sovereignty and of racial aspirations to do something more than conjecture that there is no man and no body of men who know just how they ought to be settled and yet if we are to make unsatisfactory settlements we must see to it that they are rendered more and more satisfactory by the subsequent adjustments which are made possible. We must provide the machinery for readjustments in order that we have the machinery of goodwill and friendship must have a machinery.

Machinery For Co-operation

"If I cannot correspond with you, if I cannot learn your minds, if I cannot co-operate with you I cannot be your friend, and if the world is to remain a body of friends it must have the means of friendship, the means of constant friendly intercourse, the means for constant watchfulness over the common interests. That makes it necessary to make some great effort to have with one another an easy and constant method of conference, so that troubles may be taken when they are little and not allowed to grow until they are big. I never thought if I had a big difference with a man that I did not find when I came into conference with him that, after all, it was rather a little difference and that if we were frank with one another and did not too much [illegible] that great enemy of mankind which is called pride we could come together.

"It is the wish to come together that is more than half of the process. It is a doctrine which ought to be easy of comprehension in a great commercial center like this. You cannot trade with a man who suspects you. You cannot establish commercial and industrial relations with those who do not trust you. Goodwill is the forerunner of trade. Goodwill is the foundation of trade and trade is the great amicable instrument of the world on that account.

At Home In Manchester

"I felt before I came here at home in Manchester—because Manchester has so many of the characteristics of our great American cities. I was reminded of an anecdote of a humorous fellow countryman of mine who was sitting at luncheon in his club one day and a man whom he did not like particularly came up and slapped him on the shoulder and said: 'Hullo, Culley, how are you?' He looked at him coldly and said 'I don't know your face and I don't know your name but your manners are very familiar.' I don't know your name but your manners are very familiar and very delightfully familiar, so that I felt that in the community of interest and understanding which is established in great currents of trade we are enabled to see international processes perhaps better than they can be seen by others. I take it I am not far from right in supposing that is the reason why Manchester has been the center of the great forward-looking sentiments of men who had the instinct of large planning, not merely for the city itself but for the Kingdom and the Empire and the world. And with that outlook we can be sure we can go shoulder to shoulder together. I wish it were possible for us to do something like some of my very stern ancestors did, for among my ancestors are those very determined persons who were known as the Covenanters. I wish we could, not only for Great Britain and the United States but for France, for Italy and the world enter into a great league and covenant declaring ourselves, first of all, friends of mankind and uniting ourselves together for the maintenance of the triumph of right."

Talks At Luncheon

Speaking afterwards at luncheon in the Midland Hotel President Wilson said:

"You have again made me feel the cordiality of your friendship and I want to tell, you how much I appreciate it, not only on my own behalf but on behalf of my partner. It is very interesting that the Lord Mayor should have referred in his address to a very vital circumstance in our friendship. He referred to the fact that our men and your men have fought side by side in the great battles. But there was more than that in it. For the first time upon such a scale at any rate they have fought under a common commander. That is an advance which we have made upon the previous days and what I have been particularly interested in has been the generosity of spirit with which that unity of command has been assented to.

"I not only had the pleasure of meeting Marshal Foch, who confirmed my admiration of him by the direct and simple manner with which he dealt with every subject we talked about, but I had the pleasure of meeting your own commander and I understand how they co-operated, because I saw that they were real men. It takes a real man to subordinate himself and it takes a real soldier to know that unity of command is the secret of success. That unity of command did swing the power of nations into a mighty force. I think we all must have felt how the momentum which got into all of the armies was concentrated into the single army and we felt we had overcome all the obstacles when we had to face a single command.

"With our unity of command there arose a unity of spirit. The minute we consented to co-operate our hearts were drawn together into co-operation and so from the military side we have given ourselves an example for the years to come. Not that in the years to come we must submit to a unity of command, but it does seem to me that in the years to come we must plan a unity of purpose and in that unity of purpose we shall find a great recompense, a strengthening of our spirit in everything that we do.

There is nothing so hampering and nothing so demeaning as jealousy. It is a cancer, it is a cancer in the heart; not only that, but in the countingroom. It is a cancer thoughout all the processes of civilisation and having now seen we can fight shoulder to shoulder we will continue to advance shoulder to shoulder and I think you will find that the people of the United States are not the least eager for the purpose.

"I remember hearing a story of a warning that one of your Australian soldiers gave to one of ours. Our soldiers were considered by the older men to be a bit rash when they were in the field. I understand that one friendly Australian said that our men were rather rough. On one occasion an Australian said to one of our men: 'Man! a barrage is not a thing to lean up against.' They were a little bit inclined to lean up against the barrage and yet I must confide to you that I was a bit proud of them for it. They had to come over to get at the enemy and they didn't know why they should delay.

Spiritual Side To Business

"But now that there is no common enemy except distrust and marring of plans we can all feel the same eagerness the new combatant feels that there is a common enterprise between us. For, after all, though we boast in the material sides of our civilisation they are not more than cynical sides. We are not men because we have stain (?) on hands but we are men because we have elevation of spirit. It is in this spirit that we live and not in the taste of the day. If it is not that, why is it that you hang the lad's musket or sword up above the mantelpiece, but never hang the yard-stick up? There is nothing discreditable in the yard-stick. It is altogether honorable, but he is using it for his own sake, but when he takes the musket or the sword he is giving everything and is getting nothing. It is honorable not as an instrument but as a symbol of self-sacrifice and a friend of mine said very truly: 'When peace is conducted in the spirit of war there will be no war.' When business is done with the point of view of the soldier who is serving his country then business will be as histrionic as war. I believe that from generation to generation steps of that sort are gaining more and more and men are beginning to see not perhaps the golden age but an age which is conducting them from victory to victory and may lead us to an elevation from which we can see the things for which the heart of mankind has longed."

Dinner At Downing Street

London, December 29.—The Prime Minister entertained President Wilson to dinner at 10 Downing Street last night to meet the members of the Imperial War Cabinet. The thirty-three guests included General Smuts, General Botha, Sir Robert Borden, Mr. W. M. Hughes, the Maharajah of Bikanir, Sir S. P. Sinha, Sir George Foster, Sir Joseph Cook, Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, Admiral Sir David Beatty and Admiral Sir Rosslyn Wemyss.

The dinner was purely informal. Mr. Lloyd George was seated at one end of the table with President Wilson on his right and Sir Robert Borden on his left, while at the other end Mr. Bonar Law was seated with Mr. Hughes on one side and General Botha on the other.

AMERICAN GENERALS DECORATED BY JAPAN

Pershing, March And Hines Honored With High Orders By Emperor

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, December 31.—Official. The Emperor has decorated General Pershing with the Order of Paulownia, General March with the First Class of the Rising Sun and General Hines with the Second Class of the Order of the Mirror.

FAMILY OF EX-TSAR WERE PUT TO TORTURE

Submitted To Cruelties All Night Before Being Killed, Lvoff Tells Pichon

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, December 30.—In the Chamber of Deputies, M. Pichon, Minister of Foreign Affairs, stated that Prince Lvoff told him that the ex-Tsar's family were tortured all night before they were finished off. Each member of the family, who were assembled in one room, was placed in a chair and prodded with bayonets and then murdered. The room next day was a pool of blood.

BRITISH HELPING GET AMERICANS BACK HOME

Assisting Despite Drain On Shipping In Returning Troops To Dominions

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 31.—It is officially announced that although the repatriation of the very large number of Dominion troops is throwing a heavy burden on British shipping Britain is giving all possible assistance to the repatriation of Americans.

COUNT BERCHENFELD DEAD

(French Wireless)

Paris, December 31.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). A message from Munich announces the death of Count Berchenfeld, the Minister Plenipotentiary of Bavaria in Berlin. The publication of the telephonic report which Count Berchenfeld sent to Munich on July 31, 1914, established in an indisputable manner the aggressive intentions of Germany.

Alphonso Receives New French Envoy

(French Wireless)

Paris, December 31.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). M. Alapetite, the French Ambassador at Madrid, presented his credentials to the King on Monday morning with the usual ceremony.

In their speeches, M. Alapetite and King Alphonso XI congratulated each other on the bonds which unite France and Spain, bonds which will become closer and closer.

RUMANIAN KING COMING TO ENTENTE CAPITALS

Alexander Of Greece Also Plans Trip To London, Paris And Rome

(French Wireless)

Paris, December 31.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). A message from Bucharest states that the King and Queen of Rumania will start for Western Europe after Christmas (old style). They will visit Constantinople, Athens, Rome, Paris and London.

Also, according to a telegram from Athens, King Alexander of Greece will visit Paris, London and Rome at the end of January.

LUXEMBURG EXPELS GERMANY'S MINISTER

Von Buch, Who Dictated In 1914, Sent Packing From Grand Duchy

(French Wireless)

Brussels, January 1.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). M. von Buch, the German Minister to Luxemburg, has just been expelled from the Grand Duchy. It was M. von Buch who, in August, 1914, caused the expulsion of M. Mollard, the French Minister, and Mr. Van des Steen de Jehay, the Belgian Minister who were accredited to the Grand Duchy.

Paris Names M. Bapst Ambassador To Tokio

(French Wireless)

Paris, January 1.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). The Journal Officiel publishes decrees appointing M. Bapst as Ambassador at Tokio and M. Guillemin as Minister at Christiania.

Residences For Sale

Newly built modern houses for sale on terms to suit purchasers.

LAND FOR SALE

In all parts of Settlement suitable for MILLS, FACTORIES, RESIDENCES.

Central District Property For Sale

FOR INVESTMENT

We have for sale residential property, very attractive for investors.

Fire Insurance
Motor Car Insurance

China Realty Co., Ltd.

Nanking and Kiangse Roads

Don't Keep a Padlock On Your Savings Account

What if there ARE more ways for money these days than ever before?

Don't let THAT becloud the issue, and get you away from the duty of FEEDING your BANK BALANCE.

Stick to the MAIN IDEA! Put away a little every time you CAN!

No honest fortune was ever built up without COURAGE and SACRIFICE.

Have the determination to DO WITHOUT unnecessary things.

Systematically ADD a few dollars every now and then—and after awhile you will HAVE something!

This is the royal road!

Let our Department of Savings HELP you!

THE AMERICAN-ORIENTAL BANKING CORPORATION

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MEETING DISCUSSES PLAN FOR A BETTER SHANGHAI

Hundred Chinese And Foreign Representatives Gather At Y.M.C.A. Cafe

Plans for community betterment were discussed Wednesday evening by a meeting of a hundred foreign and Chinese representatives of the various religious forces in Shanghai who assembled for the purpose at the Y.M.C.A. cafe.

Mr. Ozenham, pastor of a flourishing institutional church in Los Angeles who is now traveling in the Orient as Secretary to Dr. Sherwood Eddy, told of the methods he employed after a careful social survey of his field of activity. Dr. Frank Rawlinson, who presided, called for suggestions and questions and twelve problems were suggested for attention. Mr. Carl S. Bishop told how the Christian forces of Kansas City were utilised for the complete domination of the politics and society of that great city. Professor W. J. Hutchins of Oberlin College addressed the audience upon "Making the Crooked Straight." He said that ancient history ended on November 11, 1918, and then dawned the new era whose slogan was service.

Dr. Sherwood Eddy, who was with the American army in France and Italy and traveled through the fighting zone in the Balkans, spoke of the conditions for success in a social battle as analogous to the conditions of military success as laid down by Marshal Foch, namely: that there must first be a definite objective, in other words a vision of the need and procedure; second, the concentration of all forces upon that objective, or faith in the final prevailing of righteousness; and third, getting to the objective, or the patient, persistent service in reaching for the goal, which in this case is the purification of the city of Shanghai and the establishment of Christianity as the cheif factor in its life and progress.

Among the problems put forward for solution were these to utilise the students in the schools for Christian service; the opening of free night schools for apprentices; the teaching of the 600 most widely used Chinese characters to poor children; the establishment of a theological library for the native preachers and pastors of the city and the increase of their salaries; the improvement of industrial conditions; the extinction of foreign disorderly houses and the prohibition of obscene literature; the problem of commercialised vice, and the co-ordinating of all Christian agencies for a definite united program for the evangelisation of the city. It was put forward that Chinese leaders are accessible and often eager to improve conditions but foreign opposition blocks the way, as for example when a Chinese cotton mill owner proposed shorter hours of labor and better provision for the mill workers and a foreign mill owner effectually prevented the carrying out of the suggestion.

A committee of seven consisting of Miss J. S. Ward, Messrs. C. C. Nieh, K. P. Chen, John H. Geldart and Doctors A. L. Warnshuis, Frank Rawlinson and H. C. Mei was appointed to call another conference of representative men for the purpose of organisation and a resolution was adopted that the committee arrange for an early meeting of the representatives of Christian forces in Shanghai for concerted action in exerting a Christian influence in this city.

Wedding

St. Clair-Yeomans

The Shanghai American School, prettily decorated for the occasion, was the scene of the wedding last Tuesday evening of Miss Ruth Yeomans, recently arrived from America, and Mr. Arthur E. St. Clair. Some fifty friends of the couple were in attendance.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. M. T. Stauffer, of the China Continuation Committee, and Mr. J. E. Jacobs was present as representative of the American Consulate-General. Mr. Francis W. Gill, of the American School, was best man and Miss Bertha Allen, of Foochow, was bridesmaid.

The young people were the recipients of a large number of handsome presents. They leave Shanghai today for Peking to take up language study in preparation for missionary work in Foochow.

News Brevities

Lieutenant A. E. H. Parrott, son of Dr. A. G. Parrott, who was wounded and taken prisoner by Germans, has returned safely to England.

* * *

Lieutenants Brown and Engley were among the passengers on the steamer Yingchow which arrived from Hongkong in Shanghai on New Year's Day.

* * *

The returned students from abroad will hold their fourth annual reunion dinner this evening at 7 o'clock at the Carlton Cafe. Speeches will be made by Dr. George Sherwood Eddy, Professor W. J. Hutchins of Oberlin College and Mr. Charles S. Bishop of the Y.M.C.A. at Kansas City. A special musical program will be played.

* * *

News has been received of the death of John Deans, son of the Rev. William Deans of Ichang, serving in the British navy. The deceased joined the navy at the outbreak of the war and went through the conflict unwounded till towards the end when he died of influenza followed by pneumonia. The Rev. Deans is at present in India in connection with the Church of Scotland Mission there.

* * *

Professor W. J. Hutchins, of Oberlin College, Ohio, will address the American Song Service on Sunday afternoon at the Palace Hotel at 5 o'clock. Professor Hutchins won recognition in America through the writing a few years ago of a code of morals for American public schools. A prize was offered by one of the leading American Magazines far a code of morals to be incorporated in public school instruction and out of several thousand competitors Professor Hutchins was awarded the first prize. He is on his way to India.

* * *

The Carlton Cafe announces a grand canival ball, preceded by a special dinner, to be held tomorrow night.

* * *

Quite a number of officials, members and their friends attended the "at home" given by the board of directors and secretaries of the Y.M.C.A. on New Year's day.

* * *

In giving the names of the committee organised for the campaign to raise funds for land for a new American school the initials of the secretary, the Rev. C. N. Caldwell, were incorrectly given as R. H.

* * *

Three men armed with revolvers entered the home of Tsu Eu-oen, a former official of Nanking, at 55 Sawan Road about 7 o'clock last evening and stole money and jewelry to the amount of several hundred dollars. No report was made to the police until about an hour after the robbery.

Today's Dance Program

The following program of dance music will be played by the Band at the Town Hall this afternoon, beginning at 5:30;

1. One Step—By the Beautiful Sea ..... Carroll.
2. Waltz—Dorothy ..... Rodenbeck.
3. Fox Trot—The Clown Dance... Lake.
4. One Step—Daddy, won't you buy him for me ...Macdonald.
5. Waltz—Sunshine and Roses ..... van Alstyne.
6. Fox Trot—Dishoningo Blues ..... Williams.
7. One Step—I'll do it all over again ..... Gumble.
8. Fox Trot—My Girl of the Southland ..... Brown.

A. DE KRYGER,
Conductor-in-charge.

Peking Orders Sale Of German Consulate Delayed For Present

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs has instructed Ma Ivan Chen, the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs at Shanghai, to postpone the sale of the premises of the German Consulate at Shanghai and to allow it to remain in the custody of the Dutch Consulate, according to Chinese press reports.

Empress Of Russia Leaves Here Feb. 22

First Of Liners To Return To Pacific Sails From Liverpool Today

The first of the two big Canadian Pacific Ocean Services liners to be restored to trans-Pacific service, the Empress of Russia, will arrive at Hongkong from Liverpool January 30 with passengers and freight. After a thorough overhauling, the Russia will leave Hongkong for Vancouver on February 20 and is scheduled to sail from Shanghai two days later. The Russia leaves Liverpool today for Hongkong via the Suez Canal.

The Empress of Asia will sail for the Orient from Vancouver February 20, arriving here March 12.

French Mail Liners

Two Messageries Maritimes liners, the Sphinx and Porthos, will be in Shanghai the next two weeks, the Sphinx coming Monday and the Porthos on the 15th. Both ships come from Marseilles.

The Nera, due here today, has been ordered to return to Marseilles from Saigon and cargo and passengers will be brought to Shanghai by the Sphinx.

The Andre Lebon is scheduled to leave Marseilles for Shanghai in a day or two, sailing from this port on her return trip early in March.

CLEMENCEAU ON VACATION

(French Wireless)

Paris, January 1.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). M. Clemenceau, the Premier and Minister for War, left Paris on Tuesday evening on his way to Vendee, where he hopes to stay for a week. M. L. Nail, Keeper of the Seals, will act temporarily as Minister for War.

MERCHANT MARINE CHANGES

The following changes in the merchant marine service took place during the week:

China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company—Second officer of the Hsingkong, Mr. H. B. Graham, transferred to the Toonan; chief officer of the Hsinfung, Mr. H. Raudbge, returned from short leave; second officer of the Toonan, Mr. T. Tollefsen, to the Hsinkong; first engineer of the Hsinming, Mr. A. Lang, returned from short leave; third engineer of the Hsinfung, Mr. F. Moser, returned

PADEREWSKI IS SLATED FOR POLISH PRESIDENT

Proclamation Of Republic With Pianist As Head Expected Soon

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Copenhagen, December 29.—A message from Berlin states that the Poles are about to proclaim Poland a republic, under the presidency of Mr. Paderewski, the famous pianist, who was triumphantly welcomed on reaching Posen from Dantzig.

A message from Riga states that the Bolshevik forces are victoriously advancing towards Mitau. Prisoners state that their army numbers 600,000. Their final aim is to advance through Mitau and Tauroggen into Prussia.

A message from Berlin reports that street fighting has occurred in Posen owing to marauding German troops lowering the Allied flags. Violent machine-gun fire resulted in the repulse of the Poles.

Stockholm, December 29.—An Esthonian communique, dated December 29, states that the Esthonian troops are retreating. The enemy has large forces distributed over a wide front. German troops, retreating from Dorpat, are advancing towards Riga along the coast, plundering, thus causing encounters between German and Esthonian troops.

(French Wireless)

Paris, January 1.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). A message from Berlin to Basle states that the town of Gnesen is in the hands of the Poles. The local Councils of Soldiers and Workmen of Wreschen, Mieloslaw, and Schroda have officially declared their reunion with independent Poland.

Peking Political Notes From Chinese Press

According to a telegram from Mr. Sze Yu, the Northern peace delegate, Mr. Wu Chao-chu, had consented to accept the appointment of the Peking Government to join the Chinese delegation to Europe. He would not start for Europe, however, until he hears from General Tsen Chun-hsuan.

The peace advocates in Peking are leaving for Nanking. The last batch includes former Premier Hsiung Hsieh-ling, Ex-minister Kuo Chung-hsiu, Ex-minister Fan Yuan-lien and Mr. Ting Shih-foh.

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BRIGANDS LOOT KUTIEN AFTER SURPRISE ATTACK

Plunder Yamen Of Magistrate, Who Flees With His Soldiers

China Press Correspondence

Kutien, China, December 24.—Bandits taking advantage of the absence of all but about thirty soldiers surprised Kutien city and had possession for two hours on December 17. The yamen was looted bare. The magistrate and his officials escaped by a back way and later took refuge for a week in Wiley General Hospital. The surprise took place at 4:40 a.m. The intention was for two other bands to be present and to loot the city but as they failed to turn up in time the city was spared. Very few were killed.

A band of the civil magistrate's soldiers was found at daylight in the compound of the W.F.M.S. of the Methodist Church hiding in the shrubbery. One of them who had formerly been a servant had gained access for himself and the rest. Asked what they were doing there they answered that they had come there to protect the ladies. However, a little later, every sign of military clothes was gone and they were clothed as civilians. Then sheepishly they acknowledged they had fled from their gate as they were out of ammunition. A day later, dressed in his military clothes, the erstwhile servant who had been so obsequious on the grounds marched by one of the ladies on the street with head high and without a sign of recognition. Poor human nature. Thus does the burlesque mingle with the tragic of life.

On Thursday evening, the 19th, the other bands having gathered, a determined attack was made on two of the city gates, one on each side of the Methodist Compound. From 9 p.m. until 3:30 a.m. guns and bombs were fired continuously and made a tremendous din. Fortunately the bandits had to fire upwards so that their bullets went over our homes though the devilish whine of flying bullets close to us continued through the night. No harm was done to our property except that a bullet broke a pane of glass. An attempt was made to scale the walls with ladders but it was beaten off. After the surprise about seventy more soldiers got in. Eight bandits were killed close by the walls in the last attack and how many more at a distance we know not. Our magistrate is expecting other soldiers from Cuikau where there are a great number but so far is disappointed.

Poor Kutien County is harried by band after band. Murder, arson, kidnapping and robbery is its portion from week to week. What one band leaves another gleans from rich and poor.

Italy's Loss In War Is 460,000 Killed

Nearly Million Wounded And Half Million Partly Or Totally Disabled

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, December 30.—Official. Italian losses during the war on all fronts were as follows:

Dead.—460,000, including 16,362 officers.

Wounded.—947,000, including 33,347 officers.

The number totally or partially disabled is estimated at over half a million.

Blockade Relaxed On Asia Minor And Syria

(French Wireless)

Paris, January 1.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). The Journal Officiel publishes a decree notifying a partial raising of the blockade of the coasts of Asia Minor and Syria.

Liebknecht On The German Government

A manifesto remarkable for its vitriolic denunciation of the Government was issued by the extreme wing of the Socialist party shortly before the revolution in Germany. It placed entire responsibility for the war upon the Pan-Germans and called upon the nation to arise and depose them from power.

The manifesto was signed by Dr. Karl Liebknecht, former member of the Reichstag, and by Rosa Luxemburg and Frank Mehring, two other members of the Socialist party. It follows:

"Dear Comrades:

"More than four years ago our rulers embarked on their campaign of robbery to subdue our neighbors. During the last ten or twelve years these same rulers of ours have been propagating the evil doctrine of the 'Slav Peril.' They were successful. They sowed the fear of Slavs in our hearts. But this was only a disguise for their still more imperialistic aggressions. As though the road to St. Petersburg lay across Belgium and the north of France they gave the order to let loose our armies. In a little more than four years our rulers caused the killing and incapacitating of over 25,000,000 of men and women. Think of it. Comrades! Millions of souls, soldiers and civilians; men, women and children fell victims to the ideals of our unbridled imperialists!

"During these four years the peoples of the world bled until they could bleed no longer. And what did we gain? Did we gain even one-hundredth of what we and our rulers had started to win for us? Instead, we lost until we could lose no longer. We won one thing—the hatred of humanity. Disaster, starvation, disease, millions of dead, and the undying hatred of all the free peoples of the world—these are the rewards you have received under the leadership of our Pan-German imperialists.

"And now we have asked peace at the hands of our enemies through the President of America. Comrades! Now comes your greatest opportunity. Unite! Stand together under the banner of the 'International.' It is not you who have occasion to feel humiliated. It never was your war. You were driven to the world butchery by your rulers. You have received your deserts. Now it is your chance to humiliate your masters. The deeper and more thorough is their humiliation the more assured are your liberties. Do not for another instant permit your leaders to mis-represent the German workman as slavishly supine to their will.

"Act at once. It is your only chance. Strike the tyrant with a mighty blow and lay him prostrate at your feet. He is tottering. A well-directed blow at this time will win your liberty and partly compensate for all the blood that has been shed during these four dreary years. Your freedom is dependent upon the complete and unmistakable defeat of your rulers. Make that defeat telling.

"How?

Real Foes At Home

"Lay down your arms, you soldiers at the front. Lay down your tools, you workers at home. Do not let your rulers, the lip patriots and munition profiteers deceive you longer. So long as you are willing to continue the fighting, so long will these classes let you sacrifice your lives and the lives of your precious ones to save their faces. Lay down your arms and lay down your tools. Your neighboring nationalities are not your enemies. Your real enemies are at home. The soldiers whom you face on the battlefields are not your enemies; they are fighting for your liberties. Arise mightily and seize the reins of the Government. Yours is the power. Yours is the right to rule. Respond to the call of liberty and win the war for yourselves.

"For more than four years they have used you as pawns in their attempt to fill their purses. For four years they sacrificed your sons, fathers, brothers, and starved the millions to the end that they reap profits out of your blood. If they had won the war, you would have remained helpless slaves. Your liberty lay in their defeat; they are defeated. Victory is yours. It is for you to grasp it; to master it.

"Comrades! Soldiers! Sailors! and you workers! Rise by regiments and rise by shops. Disarm your officers whose sympathies and ideas are of the ruling classes. Seize your foreman who sides with the old order of things. Proclaim the overthrow of your masters and establish yourselves in one accord. Disregard the counsel of our Kaiser-Socialists. No longer allow yourselves to be led by the unworthy politicians who surrendered you falsely into the hands of your masters.

"Those representatives (the Kaiser-Socialists) whom you sent to the Reichstag betrayed you and betrayed the 'International' and embraced your rulers shamelessly. Cowards they have remained during the last four years. Do not allow these traitors and cowards to lead or counsel you longer. Overthrow them as resolutely as you should overthrow your goldlace masters. Do not permit them to falsely speak in your name. They betrayed the 'International'."

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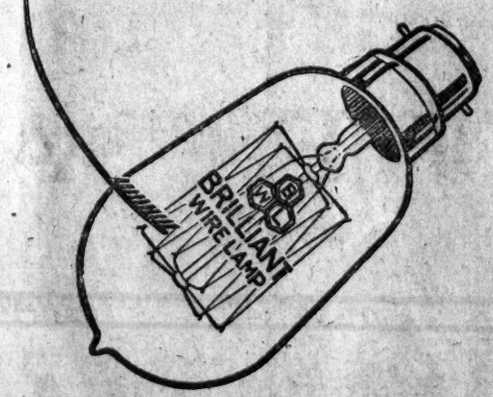

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SHANGHAI

Good Crowas Attend Races Despite Biting Cold Wind

Close Finishes At Two-Day New Year's Meeting For Siberian Comforts Fund

Three races yesterday and three on New Year's Day brought good crowds to the Shanghai Race Club benefit meeting in aid of the Siberian Comforts Fund. A biting cold wind and a slow track made the times slow but five of the six events were won in great finishes. Wednesday saw two big dividends.

The Griffins' New Year Cup, the first race, went to Pile Driver, Mr. Morriss up, by a length win over Lone Star, Mr. Schoch. Pelican, Mr. Hill riding, was a neck behind. Pile Driver paid $108 for the win and $44.30 to place while Lone Star brought home $80.40 for the place. Poor Lawyer and Plain John were the favorites.

Nigger Minstrel, top-heavy favorite won the open New Year Cup, beating Matsukaze by half a length.

Daybreak Dahlia, now running as September Morn, took the first selling-plate event of the season, beating La Vesle by a length and paying 34 lucky ticket holders $98. Kowloon was third. Merrysand and Poppy did not place.

Yesterday, Mr. John Johnstone won the first race on Colinton and the third on Bixshoote. In the second race, Standard Dahlia had an easy time, beating Nativeland many lengths. Nigger Minstrel was a head behind Nativeland. Nativeland paid $33.10.

Mr. Heard was thrown from Sir Lamerock at the Monument in the second race but was uninjured.

Yesterday's Races:

First race.—The New Year Handicap.—Value, $250, second pony, $100, third pony, $50. A handicap for all griffins of 1918 that have started twice during 1918. Entrance, $5. One mile and a quarter.

Mr. Johnstone's grey Colinton (Mr. Johnstone) ..... 1.
Mr. Robinson's ches. Sans Peur (Mr. Commons) .. 2.
Messrs. Stephen and Burkill's grey Bydand (Mr. Wuilleumier) ..... 3.

Won by ¾ length; short head. Time 2:42.

Also ran: Bonanza, Mr. Morriss; Lanchester, Mr. Hu; Desertland, Mr. Burkill; Scala, Mr. Crokam; Portobello, Mr. Commons; Matsukaze, Mr. Liou; L'Aisne, Mr. Siffert; Rob Roy, Mr. Grayrigge, and Possum, Mr. Hill.

Pari-Mutuel—for win: $13.60; for place, $7.60; $11.10 and $13.80.

Members' sweep: 268, $2,016; 444, $576; 171, $288.

Second race.—The New Year Old Ponies Handicap.—Value, $250; second pony $100; third pony, $50. A handicap for all China ponies that have started twice during 1918. One mile and a quarter.

Mr. F. S. Gibbing's grey Standard Dahlia (Mr. Burkill) 1.
Mr. Day's white Nativeland (Mr. W. H. Hu) ..... 2.
Mr. Fash's black Nigger Minstrel (Mr. Johnstone) 3.

Won by half a length, three lengths. Time 2:42 2/5.

Also ran; Sir Lamerock, Mr. Heard; Rouble, Mr. Commons; Jomsborg, Mr. Crokam; Black Jester, Mr. Ezra; Blackford, Mr. Grayrigge; Beaconlight, Mr. Liou, and The Capercailzie, Mr. Hill.

Pari-mutuel—for win: $14.60; for place; $8.50; $33.10 and $11.10.

Members' sweep: 758, $2,307.20; 760, $569.20; 105, $329.00.

Third race.—The Second New Year Selling Race.—Value, $400; second pony, $200; third pony, $100. For all China ponies. If entered to be sold for $400, weight for inches; for $200, allowed five lbs; for $100, allowed 10 lbs. Griffins of 1918 will receive a special allowance of five lbs. in addition. Entrance, $5. Three-quarters of a mile.

Mr. Jedfertne's grey Bixshoote (Mr. Johnstone) 1.
Mr. B. D. Kapteyn's grey Kowloon (Mr. Heard) .. 2.
Mr. Sutterle's ches. Merrysand (Mr. Vida) ..... 3.

Won by one length, a head. Time 1:34¼.

Also ran: Tiga, Mr. Crockam; Poppy, Mr. Hill; September Morn, Mr. Burkill; Anglodane, Mr. Sorensen; Whitehaven, Mr. Commons; La Vesle, Mr. Liou, and Runaway, Mr. Hu.

Pari-mutuel— for win: $15.80. for place, $8.80; $12.20 and $8.90.

Members' sweep: 126, $4,312; 536, $1,232; 127, $166.

Races Wednesday

The Griffins' New Year Cup.—Value, $250; second pony, $100; third pony, $50. For griffins that arrived in Shanghai during the second half of 1918 and have not been entered for any race meeting. Weights, 155 lbs. Entrance, $5. One mile.

Mr. John Johnstone's brown Pile Driver (Mr. Morriss)155—1
Mr. Tucksong's white Lone Star (Mr. Schoch) ....158—2
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's bay The Pelican (Mr. Hill) .....155—3

Won by one length, a neck.

Also ran: Golden Gloss, Mr. Burkill; Golden Sheen, Mr. Sleap; Poor Lawyer, Mr. Commons; Sans Souci, Mr. Hu; Tuberg, Mr. Crokam; Spry, Mr. Sorensen. Plain John, Mr. Johnstone; Aso, Mr. Liou; Le Rhin, Mr. Whitamore, and Society Bird, Mr. Grayrigge.

Pari-mutuel: for win: $108; for place, $44.30; $80.40 and $20.10.

Members' sweep: 281, $2,061.40; 451, $514.40; 53, $287.30.

The New Year Cup.—Value, $250; second pony, $100, third pony, $50. For all China ponies. Weight for inches as per scale. Winners of two races during 1918, five lbs. extra; of more than two races during 1918, seven lbs. extra. Winners of any Derby, Leger and Champions during 1917 and 1918, ten lbs. extra in addition. Subscription griffins of the Shanghai Autumn 1918 race meeting, allowed 5 lbs. Entrance, $5 One and a quarter miles.

Mr. Fash's black Nigger Minstrel (Mr. Hill).....158—1
Mr. Meguro's white Matsukaze (Mr. Liou).....152—2
Mr. John Johnstone's grey Colinton (Mr. Johnstone)163—3

Won by two lengths, three lengths.

Also ran: Bonanza, Mr. Morriss; Chaffinch, Mr. Schoch; Doughboy, Mr. Commons; Rouble, Mr. Burkill; Runaway, Mr. Hu; Scala, Mr. Crokam; Sans Peur, Mr. Heard; Liberty Bond, Mr. Sleap; Battle Axe, late Fanling Chief, Mr. Ezra; L'Aisne, Mr. Siffert; Pegaway, Mr. Sorensen, and Rob Roy, Mr. Grayrigge.

Pari-mutuel: for win: $15.20; for place, $8.20; $18.20 and $7.90.

Members' sweep: 246, $2,116.80; 314, $604.80; 414, $302.40.

The First New Year Selling Race.—Value, $300; second pony, $150; third pony, $75. For all China ponies. If entered to be sold for $300, weight for inches; for $100, allowed five lbs; for $50, allowed ten lbs: Griffins of 1918 will receive a special allowance of five lbs. in addition. Entrance, $5. One mile.

Mr. Seth's chestnut September Morn, late Daybreak Dahlia (Mr. Burkill)...156—1
Mr. Jedfert's ches. La Vesle (Mr. Liou) .....156—2
Mr. B. D. Kapteyn's grey Kowloon (Mr. Heard) 156—3

Won by one length, a head.

Also ran: Kennebec, Mr. Grayrigge; Bythe, Mr. Crokam; Gas Bag, Mr. Sleap; Poppy, Mr. Hill; Sailor Boy, Mr. Commons; Lanchester, Mr. Hu; Whitehaven, Mr. Sorensen; Blankenberghe, Mr. Siffert; Lagoon, Mr. Ezra, and Merrysand, Mr. Vida.

Pari-mutuel: for win: $98; for place, $34.20, $32.90 and $15.20.

Members' sweep: 3779, $4,609.60; 166, $1,145.60; 467, $572.82.

The Charity Cup

Football Club Wins

The Charity Match yesterday afternoon proved to be a big success in every way. Well over one thousand dollars was gathered in for the Shantung Road Hospital and the big crowd thoroughly enjoyed the ninety minutes play between the Club and The Rest of Shanghai.

To see the Club team in action was a treat. You quite forgot their display against the Socony on Saturday last, and in fact hardly believed they were the same team. The forward line combined in splendid style with the result that when the game was over they had won by no less than five goals to nil.

In the opening half Drake notched the first goal for the Club through a penalty from hands, and this was shortly afterwards followed by another by the same player. When the lemons were called for the Club were leading by two clear goals.

In the second half the Club were again well to the fore and scored three times, thanks to the opportunities snatched by Brodie, Clifford and Drake. This was the last of the scoring and the Club retired with a brilliant victory to their credit.

The Rest were poorly represented and on top of this they showed bad combination. Only once did they look like scoring at all, and that was through Soufoulis, who making a solo effort beat four players, then shot, and was unfortunate to strike the upright.

The star man for the losers was Johnny Robertson of the Police. As usual he was just where he was wanted but he was unable to beat the other team all on his lonesome. But he made a valiant effort.

The game was clean and pleasant throughout and everyone went away with the impression that they had seen a good afternoon's football. If there was one criticism it had to do with the ruling of Olsen, the Club's speedy outside right, for offside so often. Bissett the referee was not blamed for this but a good many thought that Fulton the linesman was much too severe in having him pulled up so often.

At the conclusion of the game Mr. A. J. Stewart, the chairman of the League Committee, thanked those who had helped to make the game such a success and then Mrs. Prentice, as usual braving the cold in her enthusiasm for the game, presented the cup to the Club's captain Tonkin. He plays football better than he can speak. He just smiled, murmured "thank you" and retired amidst cheers.

Willows Beaten 2-0

The Jewish Recreation Club eleven defeated the Willows Football Club New Year's Day, 2-0. The game was played at Hongkew Park. The first goal came in the first period, Fuxman tallying when one of the Willows backs handled the ball in the penalty area after Whitgob had taken the leather on a pass and raced through the entire Willows' defense. Fuxman had a part in the second goal as he centered to Abrahams before the score.

Betines at goal played great football and, with Eveleigh and Corte-Real, prevented several impending scores. Abrahams, Whitgob, Mislia and Sternberg also played good football.

Shanghai Harriers' Club

All local athletes interested in cross country running are invited to participate in the slow run which is to be held by the Shanghai Harriers' Club tomorrow afternoon. The chase will start off from Hongkew Park pavilion at 3 o'clock and will be over a course of about 4 miles in the Kiangwan district. There will be no racing during the run.

The Harriers' Club's third handicap race of the season will be run off a week from tomorrow in the Yangtszepoo district. Members wishing to compete are requested to send in their entries to the honorary secretary before next Tuesday.

Intercollegiate Football

First Round At Nanyang

The first round of the Intercollegiate football championship will be played between Nanyang and St. John's tomorrow on the Nanyang College grounds at 2:30 p.m. Capt. Barrett will referee.

St. George's Society To Give Ball Again

St. George's Society has decided to hold a ball on St. George's Day, April 23.

The Racing Record

Part II of Mr. A. W. Olsen's valuable race followers' handbook "The Racing Record" has been received, bringing Shanghai track notes and results complete up to December 31, 1918. The handy little volume gives space for training notes and cash sweep memos and includes the 1918 track results, records of all Shanghai and Kiangwan places ponies to the end of the year, lists of unplaced ponies, the year's jockey records and much other informative data of the local turf.

MINNESOTA SKIPPER RELIEVED OVER PEACE

Expects Return Trip Now To Be A Pleasure Voyage, With No Subs To Dodge

Now that the war is over, Capt. Thomas Garlick, master of the big liner Minnesota, expects his coming voyage across the Atlantic will be something like a pleasure trip in comparison with his past two years' experience in dodging "subs." In a letter to W. T. Isted, secretary of the Shipmasters' Association of Victoria, the well-known Pacific Coast skipper says:

"With the end of the war I find the relaxation is greater than I imagined it would be, and somehow my brain doesn't seem to grasp the significance. We must have been under a greater strain for the past two years than any of us realised, and as for myself I feel that I would like to get away and just rest.

"This will soon wear off, I am sure, and when I tell you that we are going to Marseilles, and with no submarine danger to fear, you may know that the voyage will be as near a pleasure trip as can be made in a commercial liner. I am still with the old Minnesota. All the rumors that have reached the coast about changes have been false. We have done our bit for the boys over there, carrying them something to eat, and we have done it well.

FRENCH BOMBARD ODESSA AS TROOPS ARE FIRED ON

Local Forces Treacherously Attack Landing Party And Severe Fighting Follows

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 29.—Information received in London reports severe fighting in Odessa, in which French warships participated. It is stated that the French in agreement with the local military authorities, landed 5,000 troops to maintain order in the town. The local forces treacherously fired on these troops while they were landing and the French warships retaliated by shelling the Russian camp behind the town. The casualties were heavy. It is not known whether the French troops still occupy Odessa.

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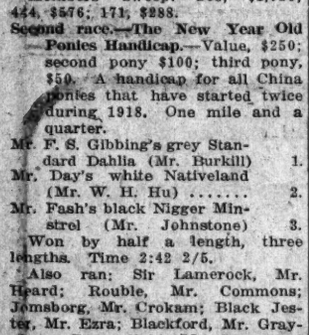

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WEATHER

Misty, but fine weather. Winter monsoon moderating on the coast.

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STRASSMAN: On January 1st, 1919, at the Victoria Nursing Home, to Mr. and Mrs. E. Strassman, a daughter.

20716

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JANUARY 3, 1919

The British Vote

IN the outcome of the election in Great Britain is really seen the reflex of the sweeping transformation of thought, both political and social, which has taken place in Great Britain since the days of that great Liberal, the late Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman. That statesman lived to administer the *coup de grace* to English bureaucracy, whereby the House of Lords was chloroformed. In those stirring days in the political life of the country, Lloyd George sounded a prophetic message to the British electorate, whose echoes still ring in our ears, and whose burden was the promised granting of social and political rights of which a large section of the people had so long been deprived. Fate has cunningly contrived to vouchsafe the winning of the greatest of wars for Britain to the same man who had won one of the greatest political wars in the history of the British people. The result of the present general election in England is the logical outcome of the winning of the war for the British people by Lloyd George.

The overwhelming majority by which Lloyd George and his supporters have been returned to power is not alone a personal triumph for Lloyd George, but a triumph also for the valiant armies that sleep the sleep of eternity under the soil of Flanders, France and Mesopotamia, for the unfortunate women and children who repose in watery graves and for those maimed millions that survive this terrible war to recall its frightful horrors. Lloyd George's sweeping victory is an eloquent expression of the will of the British people. It would have been astonishing were the result other than what it is.

There could be no other result. Lloyd George, this Welsh genius who has exerted such a dynamic force in the most stressful period of the world's history, is trusted in peace as he was trusted in war. No greater compliment or tribute could have been paid to him than the casting of those silent votes that speak so loud. It shows that the British have confidence in the man to guide their steps with skill and courage through the critical period of peace, as peace will have its crises no less than war.

The world recognises the practical genius and organising faculty of Lloyd George, who has proved that he can *do* things while others are content to *talk*. Talk would not have won this war. Humanity is sick of abstract theories. The world wants concrete achievements for its betterment. Even Lloyd George will be thrown overboard if he fails to vindicate the national trust reposed in him. But there is little danger of this eventuality. We may confidently trust him to execute the terms of peace and to introduce that era of social and political reform which he boldly forecasted long before the outbreak of the war.

The British people are not alone in their confidence in, and admiration for, Lloyd George. The whole civilised world trusts and admires him.

Nations For Empires

(North American Review's War Weekly)

CENTRIFUGAL forces are substituted for centripetal; in politics as in industry and commerce. For more than a century consolidation has been the rule. Just as the factory system absorbed the cottage workshops, and then the trust combined a multitude of factories into one corporation, so small states have been merged into larger, and large states have been united into empires. At the time of the French Revolution the present Kingdom of Italy consisted of nearly a dozen independent states, while the separate German States were numbered by hundreds, leagued by the loosest of bonds. Europe contained twenty times as many independent sovereignties as now.

Accretion, annexation, conquest, consolidation have prevailed. States have been reduced in number but increased in size. Hundreds have disappeared from the map; become mere "geographical expressions" and diplomatic memories; their names preserved, perhaps, by the families of "mediatised princes." This process the world has regarded with not always thoughtful approval, and has reckoned it impossible—in the racy phrase of the day—to unscramble eggs. Only the other day *Vorwaerts*, the Socialist member of the "reptile press" of Berlin, declared that the existence of the Czecho-Slovaks demonstrated the impossibility of destroying even a small nation, and the greater impossibility—if the phrase be permissible—of breaking up the German nation of seventy millions.

In this there was an obvious non-sequitur. There is no analogy between the Czecho-Slovaks and Germany. The former are homogenous, the latter is heterogeneous. The former are a harmonious unit, the latter is a discordant conglomeration of conflicting elements, often brought together by force or artifice. Among even the German elements there are age-long antagonisms and hatreds. High German and Low German are far apart; Bavarians and Prussians have hated each other for many generations. The very act of forming the empire was forced. Prussia first violently conquered and arbitrarily annexed a number of formerly independent states of 1866, and five years later bullied Bavaria and the few other states unwillingly into an empire of which she was to be the ruler. Within that empire, beside these discordant German elements, there are held in bondage millions of non-Germans—French, Danes, Poles, and who not. It is folly to call an indestructible nation that which in 1789 consisted of 360 separate states.

Dissolution, then, is not unnatural. It is simply reversion. And it is to be contemplated with a large degree of cheerful optimism. So far as, in both Austria-Hungary and Germany, it is necessary for the doing of justice to peoples held in alien bondage, it must be welcomed. If it should, however, go further still, and involve the separation even of homogeneous German states, we should not resist nor deprecate it, but, if it is done through the determinative will of the people concerned, approve it. That it may thus be done, to the advantage of all concerned, is by no means improbable.

We must remember that the historic greatness of Germany was that of a Germany of small states, and not of a huge empire. It was among the hundreds of petty principalities, duchies and what not that German culture arose and flourished, while it was in the Germany of one vast empire that barbarous "kultur" had its rise. It was in a Germany of many small states that Goethe, Schiller, Richter, Lessing, Herder, Bach, Mozart, and their compeers, adorned the world. It is a Germany of one bloated empire that has produced a Bernhardi, a Hindenburg, a Tirpitz. The small states were the home of spirituality; the big empire is given over to materialism.

The reason for the difference is obvious. The small states were void of military ambitions, and could take time to think of the things of the mind and spirit; the big empire, which was formed for the express purpose of military conquest, has given its thought chiefly to war and to the things which make for warlike prowess. To what extent the higher life could be restored by the "unscrambling" process may be problematic; but it may not improbably be tried. We do not mean, nor wish, that the 360 separate states of 1789 may be restored. But there is reason to expect and to regard with satisfaction the transformation of the two big Central Empires into a group of eight or ten independent states, divided on natural lines of race, language, and popular desire for self-determination. Such a consummation would be for the good of their own development in true freedom, democracy and civilised culture, and would certainly be to the advantage of the lasting peace of the world.

Humor And The Higher Criticism

By G. K. Chesterton
(New York Sun)

I have been reading, but have no intention of reviewing, Mrs. Humphry Ward's interesting memoirs, "A Writer's Recollections" published by Messrs. Collins. (New York: Harper and Brothers. $6.). I could not criticise it fairly, because of a formidable combination of difficulties; because I respect and I do not sympathise.

I should be forced to be mild about the defects, because I know I should be unjust to the merits.

My attitude may be well summed up in the words which Mrs. Ward herself quotes from Andrew Lang on the subject of Robert Elsmere. Andrew Lang wrote, with the picturesque common sense so characteristic of him: "You know he is not my sort (at least unless you have a ghost, a murder, a duel and some savages)."

Ghosts vs. German Professors

This precisely describes my own taste in fiction. But it also describes my own taste in philosophy and even theology.

Ghosts, murders, duels and savages seem to me not only of more artistic, but of more metaphysical interest than the German professors and church deans who figure in Mrs. Humphry Ward's literature and life. The Higher Criticism seems to me much lower than the lowest creation of the sort that Lang liked.

Renan's Voyage

For instance, Mrs. Ward writes: "Renan, indeed, left the Church thirty years earlier because he came to see with certainty that the Book of Daniel was written under Antiochus Epiphanes, and not when his teachers at St. Sulpice said it was written."

I doubt whether Renan was quite so stupid as all that; I should say he left the Church because his whole mind had changed and chilled with an elemental skepticism; because the fine ironic French intellect, in his particular type, had already set sail on that voyage of vain discoveries which was to end, not at the Islands of the Blest, but at the Island of the Penguins.

That is to say, the few Frenchmen who followed it were to be quite as much disenchanted about this world as about the other world.

But my point in the present comparison is this, that there is much more real reason for any change of faith in the objects mentioned by Lang than in the considerations attributed to Renan.

It might be very sensible, I think, for a man to alter his view of the whole world because he had seen a ghost, or committed a murder, or fought a duel, or even been admitted into sociable relations with a savage. It would be amazingly silly, I am certain for him to alter his view of the whole world because he had discovered (or thought he had discovered) that the Book of Daniel was written under Antiochus Epiphanes.

A murder might convince the more sensitive of the existence of sin; it would probably convince the most rationalistic of the existence of death.

A duel might at least convince a man of the existence of the fear of death, which is denied by many modern writers. A ghost would certainly convey a delicate suggestion of something beyond death, of which the modern writers would really and seriously disapprove; and even the savage could often be relied on for a social introduction to the ghost.

But short of raising the ghost of Antiochus Epiphanes, few of us have the ghost of a notion of what he was, or whether his evidence about Daniel would be reliable or not. He is not a man, dead or alive, as is the ghost or the savage. He is a name, a date, a detail among a thousand details about which the professors are incessantly making theories, incessantly making blunders, incessantly correcting the blunders and incessantly correcting the corrections.

It is really most illogical to treat a criticism as permanently right because it progressively finds itself wrong. It is still more foolish to trust it upon one point in preference to something found to be trustworthy on many points.

To test the case fairly we must suppose a man to have found St. Sulpice right on that whole round of life which Lang suggested; all that is called romance and is in truth reality. He finds, for instance, that it knows the difference between a mere duel and a mere murder; an essential point of Christian common sense.

He finds it knows the difference between a ghost and a mere turnip-ghost, or between a man and a mere superman. He finds it knows the difference between a savage and a civilised man even if the savage boasts about his science and his social organisation.

Suppose a man does think that a certain philosophy covers life in this fashion, if he then abandons it for one disputable detail he is by no means acting like a philosopher.

If he reverses all he has judged right because of the date of Daniel he is by no means a Daniel come to judgment.

The Puritan fanatic who renounces all he calls Popery as deviltry is a far more enlightened man. It is more rational to reproach the Pope with Antichrist than with Antiochus. And when we weigh the whole growth of Greek Christianity against the name of an Old Greek king, there is in the world more witness to Epiphany than to Epiphanes.

It is but arbitrary and accidental, of course, to make a comparison of these two casual sentences from Mrs. Humphry Ward's book, which contains thousands of other equally interesting things and is, indeed, a most valuable and suggestive summary of the later Victorian time. But I do not think that my casual comparison is altogether a barren one, for it happens to hit off two of the determining types of that time.

Andrew Lang and Mrs. Humphry Ward are two characteristic notes of the end of the nineteenth century; and because the former was more lightly struck it was much too lightly regarded. Lang was a man who had a name of treating serious things in a trifling way, but I still think that this is better than treating trifling things in a serious way. And with all respect to Mrs. Humphry Ward and the late King Antiochus I will venture to call his majesty a trifling thing in such a cause as that between Renan and Rome.

Lang had a light touch with his ghosts and savages, for they are shy birds and easily scared into silence or disappearance; but he was much nearer to the life of them than the German or Germanised professors who arrive on the scene with heavy apparatus of telescopes and guns. He knew that the learned are only tolerable while they can laugh at Aristophanes in the middle of lecturing on him; he knew the importance of not being earnest.

The test of all true criticism is whether the thing criticised is being compared with the truth or only compared with the critic. I have a right to call a man a dandy if he is really more dressy than a man ought to be; but not because he is more dressy than I am.

What is the matter with Mrs. Humphry Ward and her world is that it did not compare orthodoxy with heathenism, that is, with humanity. It did not study orthodoxy's fitness for the main trend of mankind, with all its murders and ghost stories. It only compared orthodoxy with its own heresy, with the temporary tone of a rather snobbish society under Queen Victoria.

Lang, who was so much lighter, was also much deeper; in so far as he was a skeptic he was skeptical about everything, including the other skeptics. He could question Renan as well as Rome; and it is worthy of this freer spirit that his last great work was the overthrow of Renan's greatest disciple—the chivalrous championship of a French heroine against the simpering patronage of a French critic, of the idealism of historic France against the pessimism of Anatole France.

For the book about Joan of Arc was the end of the School of Renan; and the ice of its irony turned to water when it touched the flame of Rouen.

Correspondence

Loyal To Sir Francis Aglen

Editor THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sir.—The members of the Newchwang Customs would be greatly obliged if in the columns of your valuable paper you would give publicity to the enclosed resolutions which spontaneously and enthusiastically were unanimously passed, carried and signed. Enclosing my card, faithfully.

A Member of the Newchwang Customs.

Newchwang, Dec. 26, 1918.

(ENCLOSURE)

Whereas: recent newspaper comments have brought to our notice certain unfair and disloyal criticisms of the Chief of our service, and through him of our service itself, and of us, its members; said criticisms emanating from F. E. Taylor, an ex-member of our service, and

Whereas: we would regret to have our friends in other walks of life suppose that Mr. Tayler has spoken as our representative, or that the feelings expressed by him at all represent or indicate our own.

Now, therefore, we the members of the Newchwang Customs Staff, Indoor and Outdoor, in meeting assembled, do hereby unanimously express and place on record our regret that anyone connected with our service should have so disregarded our service traditions and customs of fair play as to make this unjust and malicious attack on our Chief and on our service, and

Furthermore, we do express our confidence and trust in the just and impartial aims of our Chief, the Inspector - General, Sir Francis Aglen, K.B.E., whose successful and capable administration of Customs' affairs has been distinguished by improvement in service conditions, and by reasonable consideration of staff personnel and needs, and

We do hereby request our Commissioner kindly to convey to the Inspector-General this brief expression of our unswerving loyalty and high confidence, with our hope that he will take no notice of unworthy aspersions, which in no way represent the spirit of our service.

Lights Up

London's Lead Which Is Not Followed

By Frank Swinnerton
Author of "Shops And Houses," etc.

One of the earliest steps towards the restoration of normal conditions has been the brightening of London at night. It would be untrue to say that the suburbs had as yet gained much, although on armistice day valiant efforts were made in various places to remove the darkening of the street lamps. But the West End is certainly as different as possible from what it was only a few days ago.

To look down Kingsway, for example, on Tuesday night, and to compare the vista with that of Sunday, was to observe a striking contrast. The lights, in comparison with the conditions for many months past, blazed and whitened everything, almost uncanny in their relentless revelation.

Naturally the change is one for which all were grateful; and, in fact, one of the earliest songs I heard on Monday evening was one, sung by a linked row of joyous girls, demanding that the London lights should be turned up. It was sung with gusto, very seriously and with a good deal of feeling. Clearly the inquiry: "What is the good of a home sweet home, when you can't see the knocker on the door?" was one which the girls made in good faith.

They had suffered from the blight of darkness. We have all suffered. Its catastrophies have been numerous—sudden and tragic. In every respect it is good to have the lights again.

And yet there will be a loss. The West End will never again look so beautifully mysterious as it has done. I shall never forget the aspect of Piccadilly or of Pall Mall in the exquiste dimness of a moonlight night, the moon high above, and the buildings touched and made luminous by its steady paleness. Below, the roads and footways dark, and—in Piccadilly—split by that long chain of dimmed arc lights which looked like pearls shining. In such darkness all colors are subdued to a uniformity that still does not make them loose value; sharpnesses are mellowed and softened; noises are subtly less loud. Everything becomes more romantic, more attractive to the imagination.

Well, the lights are going up. I have seen a man high above the roadway, painfully cleaning a huge globe. In one suburb that I know one steps from the railway station into the full glare of a piercing light that formerly was a little speck, like a candle in the distance.

It is a curious sensation. Every time I see it I say afresh: "Yes, the war's over;" and then I go through this blaze of light into a darkness as intense as ever. For in this suburb, which is one that has seen some Zeppelins fall, and heard some bombs and a fusillade every time the Gothas approached, all the street lamps have had a long holiday. Beyond the light, darkness; and we might still be at war for all the change in the quiet streets.

It will be long before we are fully alive again. Perhaps a year. The song those girls were singing will not soon be out of date. Failing the beautiful dimnesses of the West End main thoroughfares, lovers of the mysterious night—such as solitaries and star-gazers and shy couples who shun the popular ray—may yet be driven to the suburbs.

Topics In Brief

We are also expecting to hear that John Barleycorn would be willing to negotiate an "honorable peace."—*Anaconda Standard.*

Germany has found a substitute for everything else. It shouldn't be hard to find a substitute for the Kaiser.—*St. Louis Star.*

Looks as though Prussian officers might as well begin practising stepping off the sidewalks now to let civilians pass.—*Columbus Dispatch.*

The report that the Leviathan, formerly the Vaterland, has moved more soldiers across the Atlantic than any other ship is a mistake. The Lusitania has moved most of them.—*Houston Post.*

It is going to be pretty hard on the poor, patient German people, with all the other things they have to bear, not to have any more atrocities to look forward to.—*Columbus Ohio State Journal.*

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Love, Home and Table Topics By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour

Novelists Find A Field In The New Psychology

Fiction does not lag in making use of the new psychology and its new classifications. Here is J. D. Beresford, one of the most striking of the younger group of novelists in England, making a sally already into this attractive field. It is not a prolonged effort he makes, but it is illuminating of the possibilities of the new viewpoint.

"Nothing is more dispiriting than the practice of classifying humanity according to 'types.' Your professional psychologist does it for his own purposes. This is his way of collating material for the large generalisation he is always chasing. His ideal is a complete record. He would like to present us as so many samples on a labeled card—the differences between the samples on any one card being ascribed to an initial carelessness in manufacture. His method is the apotheosis of that of the gay Italian fortune teller one used to see about the streets, with her little cage of love-birds that sized you up and picked you out a suitable future. Presently, we hope, the psychologist will be able to do that for us with a greater discrimination. He will take a few measurements, test our reaction times, consult an index and hand us out an infallible analysis of our 'type.' After that we shall know precisely what we are fitted for, and whether our ultimate destination is the Woolsack or the workhouse.

"But your psychologist has his uses, and it is the amateur in this sort, particularly the novel-writing amateur, who arouses our protest. He—I use the pronoun asexually—does not spend himself in prophecy, but he deals us out into packs with air of knowing just where we belong. And his novels prove how right he was, because you can prove anything of this kind in a novel. His readers like this method. It is easy to understand, and it provides them with an articulate description of the inevitable Jones.

"I cling to that as some justification for the habit, as an excuse for my own exhibition of the weakness, however dispiriting. It is so convenient to have a shorthand reference for Jones and another of our acquaintances. The proper understanding of any one of them might engage the leisure of a lifetime; and if for general purposes we can tuck our friends into some neat category, we serve the purposes of lucidity.

"Lastly, to conclude this apology, I would plead that a new scheme of classification, such as that provided by psychoanalysis, is altogether too fascinating to be resisted.

"There is, for example, my friend David Wince, the typical 'introvert,' and an almost perfect foil for my friend the 'extrovert,' previously described. The two men loathe the sight of one another. Contempt on one side and fear on the other is a sufficient explanation of their mutual aversion. Wince, indeed, has an instinctive fear of anything that bellows and a rooted distrust of most other things. He suffers from a kind of spiritual agoraphobia that makes him scared and suspicious of large generalisations, broad horizons and cognate phenomena. He likes, as he says, to be 'sure of one step' before he takes the next. The open distances of a political argument astound and terrify him. He takes all discussions with a great seriousness, and displays an obstructive passion for definition and the right use of words. 'What I should like to understand' is a favorite opening of his, and the thing he would like to understand is almost invariably some abstruse and fundamental definition.

"The a priori method is anathema to him. He is, in fact, characteristically unable to comprehend it. He has little respect for a syllogism as such, because his mind seems to work backward, and all his logical faculty is used in the dissection of premises. When my exasperation reaches the stage at which I say: 'But, my dear fellow, let us take it for granted, for the sake of argument . . .' he wrings his hands in despair and replies: 'But that's the whole point. We can't take these things for granted. If you don't examine your premises, where are you?' He has a habit in conversation of emphasising such words as those I have underlined, and a look of desolation comes into his face when he plaintively inquires where we are. At those times I see his timid, irresolute spirit momentarily staring aghast at the threat of this world's immense distances before with a sigh of relief it ducks back into the shelter afforded by his introspective analyses. 'Let us be quite sure of our ground,' he says, 'before we draw any deductions.' His ground is, I fancy, a kind of 'dugout.'

"He has had an unfortunate matrimonial experience. His wife ran away with another man, some three or four years ago, and he is trying to screw himself up to the pitch of divorcing her. For a man of his sensitiveness the giving of evidence in court upon such a delicate subject will be a very trying ordeal. He has confided very little of his trouble to me, but occasional hints of his, and the reports of another friend who knew Mrs. Wince personally, lead me to suppose that she was rather a large-minded, robust sort of woman. Perhaps he bored her. I can imagine that he would bore any one who had a lust for action; and as they had been married for eight years and had no children, I am not prepared to condemn Mrs. Wince, offhand, for her desertion of him I have no doubt that Wince might be able to make out a good ethical case for himself. I picture his attitude toward his wife as being extremely self-denying, deprecatory and almost passionately virtuous. But I prefer to reserve judgment on the issue between them.

"He adores courage, but only when it is the self-conscious kind. Our friend Bellows, for instance, does not appear to Wince as brave, but as callous, thick-skinned, or 'simply a braggart.' All Wince's resentment comes to the surface when the two men meet by some untoward accident. On one such occasion he magnificently left the room and slammed the door after him, but I think that he probably regretted that act of violence before he reached home. He has a nervous horror of making enemies. He need have had no fear in this case. Bellows considers Wince as beneath his notice, and always speaks of him to me as 'your hair-splittin' friend.'

"Now that I have documented Wince I feel chiefly sorry for him, but when I am in his company I frequently feel a strong desire to shake him. I wonder if his wife began by being sorry for him, and if her escapade was incidentally intended as a shaking? Did she flaunt her wickedness at him in the hope of 'rousing him up'? If so, she failed, ignominiously. Shakings of that sort only aggravate his terror of life. Indeed, I do not think that anything can be done for him. If he survives the war, the coming of the new democracy will certainly finish him. Talking of the possibility of a November election, he told me that he meant to abstain from voting. He said that he could not vote for Lloyd George, and was afraid of putting too much power into the hands of the Labor party. He did not think that they had yet had enough experience of government to be trusted with the control of a nation.

"In the hallowed protections of the Victorian era he had his place and throve after his fashion. Life was so secure and the future apparently so certain. But he was not fitted to stand the strain of coming out into the open. He is horrified by the war, but in his heart he is still more horrified by the thought of the conditions that will come with peace. He sees the future, I know, as a vast, formless threat. He sees life exposed to a great gale of revolution. He is afraid that his retreat will be no longer available, that one day he will find his burrow stopped and himself called upon to face, and to work with, his fellowmen.

"But, no doubt, his natural timidity tends to over-estimate the probability of these dangers."

Fact And Fancies

Easily Solved

Teacher—Now, Johnny, suppose you wanted to build a $1,000 house and had only $700, what would you do?

Johnny—Marry a girl with $300.

In Boston

"The game isn't always won by the best team," remarks an exchange. No; it is generally won by the better team.

Trying It Out

Hobbs—This plastering the city with posters saying "Lend" must have a strong psychological effect.

Dobbs—Do you really think so? Lend me $10, will you?

Doing Her Bit

Mrs. Kawler—My dear, you will pardon me, but why do you allow the castors on your furniture to squeak so?

Mrs. Youngbride—I'm doing my bit, dear. You see I stand the squeak of the castors rather than use one drop of castor oil that is so badly needed for our airplanes.

A Dietetic Tragedy

On a diet of pickles and gherkins
Lived a billious fellow named Pherkins;
And vinegar, too,
Was his favorite brew
Till it pickled his internal wherkins.

Warned

"I'm going to get a divorce. My wife hasn't spoken to me for six months."

"Better be careful. You'll never get another wife like that."

Also, They're So Common

"The trouble with being a hero," said a soldier, "is the difficulty of acting up to the part." Which reminds us of what Admiral Dewey said in the height of his fame: "It is very pleasant to be a hero, but a continuous performance is hard on the nerves."

Our Unguarded Moments

Young Minister (receiving gift of fountain pen)—Thank you. I hope I shall now be able to write better sermons.

The Lady—I hope so.

Had His 'Doots'

Sailor (as he gazes at his portion of corned beef) I wonder if this meat used to moo or whinny.

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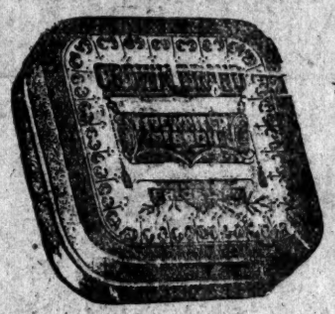

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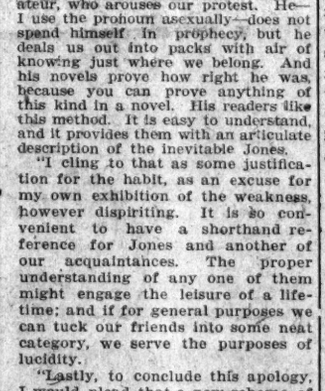

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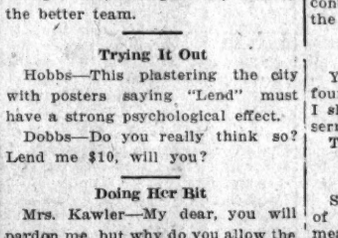

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Coalitionists Win Majority Of Three To One In Commons

(Continued from Page 1)

and two Laborites, the remainder being Coalitionists. The results in Lancashire and Yorkshire are equally astonishing. The former's sixty-six members do not include a single Independent Liberal, while only one Independent Liberal secured a place among Yorkshire's fifty-six representatives, of whom forty-six are Coalitionists. This is indeed the surprising feature; namely, that the Coalition and not the Labor Party gained most from the losses of the Independent Liberals. Even in Scotland the number of Liberals returned can be counted on the fingers of one hand. Miss Murray, the only woman candidate in Scotland, also forfeited her deposit.

The only district faithful to Mr. Asquith is Derbyshire, which returned four of his followers for eight seats.

The Coalition officials claim that the two principal factors which contributed to their triumph are the votes of the women and soldiers. The former made the majority secure and the soldiers' vote according to one official, came late as a tidal wave in favor of Mr. Lloyd George. Even the Prime Minister expressed surprise on returning from the Mansion House, where he had been present at a luncheon given to President Wilson, to Downing Street at the sweeping victories and colossal majorities obtained by the coalitionists.

Asquith To Get Seat Anyway?

There is much curiosity in the clubs as to whether anyone will give up his seat to Mr. Asquith. It is understood that one successful follower wired him yesterday evening offering his seat.

The whole twelve divisions of Birmingham returned Coalitionists, the only woman candidate in the sitting being at the bottom of the poll. Here, as elsewhere, most of the spoilt ballot papers were from soldiers, who wrote across them remarks like "Send us home and we will vote:" "Demobilisation first, election afterward:" "We have no information about the candidates."

Triumph For Lloyd George

The net result of the election is summed up in the Sunday morning papers as a personal triumph for Mr. Lloyd George and the disappearance of two great parties, the Liberals and the Irish Nationalists. The papers without exception, emphasise that the election is not merely a great triumph but a great opportunity for Mr. Lloyd George. They point out that the country having won the war means to win the peace, not merely by imposing stern justice on its enemies but by insisting that a vast program of social reform shall be carried out. They declare that the governing classes are on trial and if they fail to satisfy the country, which is impatient of politics as hitherto played, a painful reckoning awaits them at the next election, which may be sooner than is now apparent. In this connection it is pointed out that Labor largely voted for the Coalition in expectation that a policy agreeable to Labor would be pursued.

Mr. G. N. Barnes, Labor M.P. for Glasgow and Minister of Pensions, interviewed after his victory, expressed the opinion that the country had turned against everyone who had not supported the war wholeheartedly. He believed that the Labor Party had lost a great chance by truckling to Bolshevism.

Mr. J. R. Clynes, Labor M.P. for Manchester and Food Controller, in a statement following his election, said that his recent tour of the centers of industry had convinced him that Labor supported its candidates with great enthusiasm and the election had proved that labor is a living force which will not merely be a lever in parliament to secure reforms but also a safety valve guarding the country against dangerous explosions.

Lloyd George 'Junior Partner'

Mr. Robert Donald, formerly editor of the Daily Chronicle, makes the statement that the liberals have been victims of electoral strategy but the Prime Minister is now the junior partner in the coalition firm.

Sir F. E. Smith states that the new Government is a business Government and its leaders will begin forthworth to weld their great majority in a new homogenous national party able to confront the vast problems which await solution.

Mr. E. S. Montagu, Secretary of State for India, says that the result of the elections shows that the country wants a just and lasting peace, the speedy return of soldiers and sailors to civil life, the end of militarism in all countries, generous reward and a secure future for its fighters, a fearless democratic policy and the restoration of domestic freedom.

The analysis of the polling shows that London and Scotland polled less than half the total electorate, the English borough counties little more than half and Wales just half.

Coalition Majority At Least 250

London, December 28, 9:15 p.m.—The Coalition will have an absolute majority over all other Parties in the House of Commons of over 250 members. The Coalition now hold 471 seats.

The estimates of the number of non-Coalition Liberals vary owing to the Labor Party claiming several as being practically members of the Labor Party, but the above analysis is based on the official party labels.

All Irish Unionists are excluded from the above list of Coalition Unionists because the scheme of labelling Coalition candidates was not applied to Ireland. Of course, the Irish Unionists, numbering approximately 27, are expected to support the Coalition Government on most matters.

A close study of the figures emphasises that the coalition achieved pronounced success in every group of constituencies in Great Britain. Of 53 out of the 61 seats which the Government has won in the London boroughs, the Unionists got 42 and the Liberals 11. The other London representatives are two Unionists pledged to no party, namely Sir John Norton Griffiths, who has been returned for Central Wandsworth, and Mr. J. Hopkins, returned for South-East St., Pancras; three Liberals and two Laborites, neither of whom was opposed by Coalition nominees; and one Independent, Mr. Horatio Bottomley.

Of the 193 members elected for the other boroughs in England, 149 are supporters of the Government—comprising 106 Unionists, 36 Liberals and seven Laborites—and the remainder are 16 Unionists, 3 Liberals, 20 Laborites, 4 Independents and one Irish Nationalist.

In the English candidates there are 191 Coalition members out of a total of 230 seats, the Unionists again forming a large majority over Liberals and Laborites. The unpledged Liberals number 12, unpledged Unionists 2, Laborites 22 and Independents 3.

In Wales 20 Coalition candidates were returned out of 35 seats, the other members elected being 10 Laborites, 3 unpledged Unionists and 2 unpledged Liberals.

The Scottish boroughs returned 23 supporters of the Government: namely, 15 Unionists and 8 Liberals, the remaining members being 5 unpledged Liberals and 5 Laborites. In the Scottish counties 13 Unionists and 17 Liberals were elected under the Coalition banner, the other members being two unpledged Unionists, 3 unpledged Liberals and 3 Laborites.

In the Irish boroughs 8 Unionists, 2 Nationalists and 11 Sinn Feiners were returned, while the candidates will be represented by 15 Unionists, 4 Nationalists and 61 Sinn Feiners. The proceedings in connection with the declaration of the poll were orderly throughout Ireland.

Results In Detail

London, December 28, 10:55 p.m.—At 8:15 this evening, with only two results still to come, the following is the position of the various parties:

Coalitionists-Unionists 334, Liberals 127, Labor 10.

Non-Coalitionists-Asquithians 37, Unionists 48, Laborites 66, Women 1, Nationalists 7, Sinn Feiners 71, including one woman counted above, other parties 5. This means that the Coalition have a majority of over 300.

It should be pointed out that the Coalition majority includes 48 Independent Unionists.

Of the 122 defeated candidates who were members of the last House of Commons, 59 are Liberals, 25 Nationalists, 14 Laborites, 9 Coalition Unionists, 9 Coalition Liberals and 6 Independents.

The successes gained by the Labor Party were mostly in Lancashire, Yorkshire and the Midlands. They won the following seats:

Ormskirk, Mr. J. Bell; Leek, Mr. W. Bromfield; Morpeth, Mr. J. Cairns; Clitheroe, Mr. A. Davies; Smethwick, Mr. W. Davison; Bedwellty, Mr. C. Edwards; Rother Valley, Mr. T. Grunby; Hemsworth, Mr. J. Guest; West Nottingham, Mr. A. Hayday; Burnley, Mr. Dan Irving; West Ham, Mr. J. Jones; Rothwell, Mr. W. Lunn; Wigan, Mr. J. Parkinson; West Bromwich, Mr. F. Roberts; Aberdeen City, Mr. F. Rose; Holland, with Boston, Mr. W. Royce; St. Helens, Mr. J. Sexon; Preston, Mr. T. Shaw; Wednesbury, Mr. A. Short; Kingswinford, Mr. C. Sitch; Wellingborough, Mr. W. R. Smith; Nelson and Colne, Captain A. Smith; Anglesea, General Sir Owen Thomas; Kettering, Mr. A. Waterson; Newton, Mr. R. Young; Edinburgh Central, Mr. W. Graham; Wentworth Yorks, Mr. C. Hirst; Houghton-le-Spring, Mr. R. Richardson; Carphilly, Mr. A. Onions; Govan, Mr. N. McLean; Forest of Dean, Mr. J. Wignall; Broxton, Mr. G. Spencer.

Vote In Individual Districts

London, December 28.—General Elections:

Yorkshire: Cleveland Division.—Sir R. Coff, Coalition Unionist, 8,701; Mr. Dack, Labor, 8,610; Mr. H. L. Samuel, Liberal, 7,089.

Camberwell: Northwest.—Dr. T. J. Macnamara, Coalition Liberal, 9,988; Mr. Radford, Unionist, 3,947.

Bristol: East.—Mr. G. B. Britton, Coalition Liberal, 9,434; Mr. Bateman, Labor, 8,135; Mr. C. E. Hobhouse, Liberal and ex-M.P., 1,447.

Dumfries.—Major T. O. Murray, Coalition Unionist, 13,345; Mr. J. W. Gulland, Chief Liberal Whip, 7,562.

East Mayo.—Mr. de Valera, Sinn Feiner 8,848; Mr. John Dillon, Nationalist, 4,451.

Leicester: West.—Mr. J. F. Green, Coalition Labor, 20,570; Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, Socialist and Labor 6,347.

Shoreditch.—Mr. Christopher Addison, Coalition Liberal, 9,532; Mr. Robert Surer, Independent, 3,414; Mr. Walton, Labor, 2,072; Mr. Chancellor, Liberal, 1,524; Mr. Warwick, National Party, 504.

Huntingdonshire.—Mr. O. Locker Lampson, Coalition Unionist, 10,760; Mr. Grey, Liberal, 6,416.

Poplar, Bow and Bromley.—Major R. Balfour, Coalition Unionist, 8,102; Mrs. Lansbury, Labor, 7,248; Mr. Dalton, Liberal, 988.

Hartford.—Mr. Pemberton-Billing, Independent, 9,628; Mr. Barnard, Unionist, 7,158; Mr. Harding, Labor, 1,677.

Glasgow, Central Division.—Mr. A. Bonar Law, Coalition Unionist, 17,653; Mr. Quinn, Labor, 4,736.

Islington West.—Mr. T. Lough, Liberal, who has represented this constituency since 1892 was defeated by the Coalitionist nominee by over 2,000 votes.

Chester.—Sir Owen Philipps, Coalition Unionist, 10,043; Mr. E. Paul, Liberal, 4,993; Mr. Mason, Labor, 2,799.

Birmingham, Sparkbrook Division.—Col. C. L. Amery, Coalition Unionist, 15,226; Mr. Spires, Co-operator, 3,014; Mr. Hurst, Liberal, 1,251.

Argyllshire.—Mr. Sutherland, the Premier's Private Secretary, who stood as a Coalition Liberal, had a huge majority over the labor nominee.

Merthyr Tydvil.—Mr. C. B. Stanton, Coalition Labor, 22,824; Mr. Nicholas, Labor, 6,229.

Dundee.—Mr. Winston Churchill, Coalition Liberal, 25,788; Mr. W. Willie, Labor, 24,822; Mr. E. Scorymgeour, Independent, 10,423; Mr. Brown, Labor, 7,769. Two seats.

Belfast: Falls.—Mr. Joseph Devlin, Nationalist; 8,488; Mr. de Valera, Sinn Feiner, 3,245.

Waterford City.—Capt. Archer Redmond, Nationalist, 4,915; Mr. White, Sinn Feiner, 4,431.

Glasgow: Gorbals.—Mr. G. N. Barnes, Labor, 14,247; Mr. McLean, Bolshevist, 7,436.

Cambridgeshire.—Mr. E. S. Montagu, 12,497; Mr. Stubbs, 6,686.

East Ham: South.—Mr. Edwards, Coalition Liberal, 7,661; Mr. Arthur Henderson, Labor, 5,024.

Walthamstow: East.—Mr. Johnson, Coalition Unionist, 3,392; Sir J. A. Simon, Liberal, 5,781.

Westminster: St. George's.—Mr. Walter Long, Coalition Unionist, 10,453; Mr. Bell, Liberal, 1,140.

South Tottenham.—Major P. Malone, Coalition Unionist, 6,632; Sir L. Chiozza Money, Labor, 5,579; Mr. Harvey, Coalition Labor, 1,916; Mr. Jay, Discharged Soldiers, 1,295.

Basingstoke.—Sir Auckland Geddes, Coalition Unionist and President of the Local Government Board, 11,218; Mr. Close, Labor, 6,227.

Berwick and Haddington.—Mr. J. Hope, Coalition Liberal, 7,584; Mr. Foulis, Labor, 47,835 (?); Mr. H. J. Tennant, Liberal, 2,557.

Sheffield: Attercliffe Division.—T. Casey, Liberal, 12,300; Mr. Anderson, Labor, 6,539.

Women Candidates Lose In All English Districts

The following are the polls in the constituencies where women stood as candidates for election.

The result of the North Battersea election has already been cabled.

Middlesex: Bentford Division.—Lieut. Col. Grant Morden, Coalition Unionist, 9,077; Mr. Haywood, Labor, 2,620; Mrs. Oliver Strachey, Independent, 1,263.

Portsmouth (South).—Major Cayzer, Coalition Unionist, 15,942; Miss Alison Garland, 4,283; Mr. Lacy, Labor, 3,070.

Worcestershire: Stourbridge Division.—Mr. J. W. Wilson, Liberal, 9,820; Miss Mary McArthur, 7,587; Mr. Fisher, Labor, 6,690.

Richmond (Yorks).—Mr. Edgar, Coalition Unionist, 8,364; Mrs. Dacre Fox, Independent, 3,615; Mr. Morrison, Liberal, 3,491; Mr. Croch, Independent, 2,220.

Nottingham: Mansfield Division.—Mr. Carter, Labor, 8,957; Mr. Jarrett, Coalition Labor, 6,678; Miss Violet Markham, Liberal, 4,000; Mr. Tarachand, Independent, 878.

Chelsea.—Col. Sir S. J. G. Hoare, Coalition Unionist, 9,159; Miss E. Phipps, Independent, 2,419.

Manchester: Rusholme Division.—Mr. Stoker, Coalition Unionist, 12,447; Mr. Butterworth, Liberal, 3,699; Mrs. Pethick Lawrence, Labor, 2,985.

Middlesex: Enfield Division.—Col. Bowles, Coalition Unionist, 8,290; Mr. Hill, Labor, 6,176; Mrs. J. McEwan, Liberal, 1,987.

Birmingham: Ladywood Division.—Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Coalition Unionist, 9,405; Mr. Knewshaw, Independent Labor, 2,572; Mrs. Corbett Ashby, Liberal, 1,552.

Glasgow: Bridgeton Division.—A. McCallum Scott, Coalition Liberal, 10,887; Mr. Maxton, Labor, 7,860; Miss E. Murray, Independent, 991.

Smethwick.—Mr. Davison, Labor, 9,389; Miss Cristabel Pankhurst, Independent, 9,614. (Figures mutilated in transmission).

Middlesex: Hendon Division.—Major Greams, Coalition Unionist, 14,431; Mr. Baily, Labor, 7,159; Mrs. How Martyn, Independent, 8,309 (?); Mr. Waugh, Labor, 3,469; Miss W. Carney, Sinn Fein, 395.

Dublin: St. Patrick's Division.—Countess Markievitz, Sinn Fein, 7,835; Mr. W. Field, Nationalist, 3,752; Mr. Kelly, Independent, 312. Countess Markievitz is the only woman elected.

At six o'clock this evening, although it is too early to make generalisations, it looks as if roughly, only about half the electorate have polled. Certainly this is the case in the London constituencies and in some of the big provincial towns.

In the majority of the three-cornered contests the Coalitionists have an absolute majority.

Lloyd George Congratulated

London, December 29.—The Prime Minister today was the recipient of hundreds of congratulatory telegrams, a procession of telegraph messengers passing without interruption all day long between Charing Cross Post Office and 10 Downing Street.

Contrary to practice on like occasions in the past, the Prime Minister was only visited by few of his principal supporters, including the Coalition whips and Sir Henry Dalziel, but not including any Ministers.

Asquith Followers To Meet

It is understood that the elected supporters of Mr. Asquith, also a number of Coalition Liberal members, will be invited to meet the defeated leader before Parliament meets. It is recalled that Mr. Asquith declared before the election that support of the Government would not be inconsistent with Liberal principles. It is persistently rumored that the supporters of Mr. Asquith may reunite under Mr. Lloyd George.

Sinn Fein Candidates Rout Nationalist Party

While the Sinn Feiners have almost completely routed the Nationalists in Ireland, they have not made much impression on Ulster. The following are some typical results of the elections in Ireland:

West Meath.—Mr. L. Ginnell, Sinn Feiner, 12,435; Mr. Weynes, Nationalist 3,458; Mr. Nugent, Nationalist, 603.

Londonnery: South.—Mr. S. Henry, Unionist, 8,942; Mr. Conway, Nationalist, 8,981; Mr. Walsh, Sinn Feiner, 3,425.

Tipperary: South.—Mr. Maloney, Sinn Feiner, 8,744; Mr. J. Cullinan, Nationalist, 2,701.

Belfast: Duncairn Divison.—Sir Edward Carson, Unionist, 11,637; Mr. Davey, Liberal, 2,449; Mr. McNabb, Sinn Feiner, 271.

Londonderry City.—Mr. John Macneil, Sinn Feiner, 7,335; Sir Robert Anderson, Unionist, 7,020; Mr. Davey, Nationalist, 120.

London, December 28.—Mr. Charles Trevelyan, who has represented the Elland (Yorks) Division since 1899, shared the fate of the other Pacifists and only polled 1,286 votes out of 22,000 divided between the Coalition Unionist nominees, who won the seat, and the Liberal and Labor candidates.

Mr. F. W. Jowett, the well known Labor representative, also suffered defeat in the Bradford East election, being beaten by the Coalition Labor nominee, Captain C. Roseby, by 650 votes.

For the nine Belfast seats 6 Unionists, 2 Labor Unionists, and 1 Nationalist were returned.

Only the following members of the Nationalist Party have been elected to the new Parliament: Mr. Joseph Devlin, Mr. T. P. O'Connor, Captain Redmond, Mr. P. Donnelly, Mr. P. O'Doherty, Mr. E. J. Kelly, Mr. J. Macveagh and Mr. T. Harrison. The Ulster constituencies returned 23 Unionists, 8 Sinn Feiners and 7 Nationalists.

LONDON PRESS COMMENT

London, December 30.—The Daily Telegraph states that the result of the elections is the most complete personal triumph for a Prime Minister in parliamentary history. The average estimate of the Coalition majority was only half the actual result. Pacificism and defeatism have received such a lesson as wrongheaded mischief-making has never had before. One valuable consequence of the Coalition's overwhelming victory is to silence talk about a minority Government. Mr. Lloyd George, with unexampled power to carry out tasks of peace reconstruction, has a unique opportunity. We are convinced that he will make the utmost of it.

The Daily Chronicle says: "The country has never more democratically, progressively or patriotically rallied to the support of Mr. Lloyd George, as representing patriotic democracy, because it wants big things done. It will go ill with any party or section that stands between him and the execution of the people's mandate. Therefore the fact that the Prime Minister's unwieldy majority includes a Unionist majority need not perturb us."

The Morning Post says: "The nation has decreed political bandishment of two parties whom it regarded as unfaithful to the national cause. It has returned an overwhelming majority of the party which best expresses national love of solid British institutions."

The Daily News states: "The result of the election is not the considered judgment of the nation but a verdict snatched at a moment of extreme emotion on relatively trivial matters such as hanging the Kaiser, punitive indemnities and expulsion of Germans. Mr. Lloyd George is a prisoner of the Tory Party."

The Daily Express says, "This might almost be called a Bonar Law election. He is backed by the Unionists to almost unparalleled power. The Unionists thoroughly deserved their success but they must keep their promise to carry out social reconstruction, otherwise reaction is bound to come."

All papers regret Mr. Asquith's defeat, and it is suggested that he be asked to go to the House of Lords.

Victory Of Lloyd George Is Acclaimed By France

Paris, December 29.—All the French newspapers are greatly satisfied with the British election results. They consider that Mr. Lloyd George has triumphed on the basis of the peace which the Allies will impose on Germany, including reparation and penalties, also of his social and economic program providing for the development of Britain's natural wealth and the amelioration of labor's lot.

Paris, December 30.—The British Parliamentary elections have excited enormous interest in France. The result is hailed as an augury for a strong and just peace. The defeat of Mr. Asquith and his supporters is regarded as punishment for their faint-heartedness, while Mr. Henderson wished to lead the Allies into the Stockholm trap. The old Liberal Party has disappeared with its doctrine of free trade; Manchester has been beaten by Birmingham. The women electors were not reactionary but were anti-Pacifists. The result of the elections is considered the happiest event since the signing of the armistice.

Le Temps concludes an article by saying that under the influence of the British elections we shall have a better peace.

A large display of all kinds of

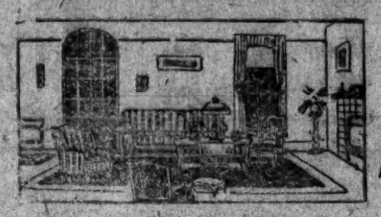
HAND-MADE LACE, EMBROIDERY, SILK, PONGEES, ETC.

Best quality at moderate prices.

THE CATHAY LACE COMPANY

19, Nanking Road

COMMERCIAL PHOTOGRAPHY



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$3.00 Per Hour

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THOMAS W. SIMMONS & CO.

of San Francisco

IMPORTERS EXPORTERS

Are now located at

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Cable address: "SIMMONS"

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FOR MAXIMUM MILEAGE

THE ROYAL STUDS

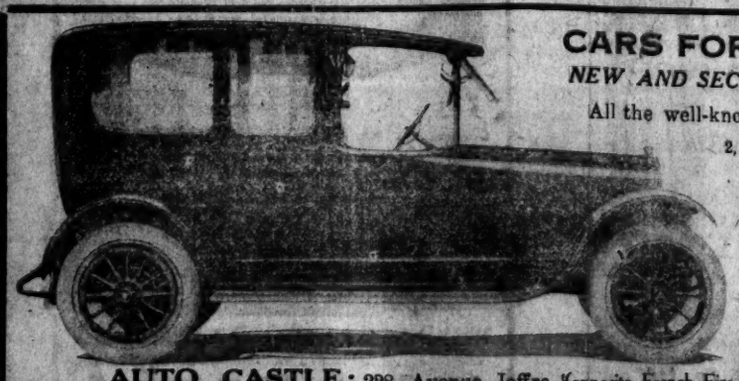
109K-110K Cunningham Road, opposite Chinese Public School.

Telephone North 1892

Horses, Ponies and Carriages For Sale or Hire

Well trained Hunters a speciality. Our carriages are the fastest on the road. Special terms for monthly contracts.

20360



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NEW AND SECONDHAND

All the well-known makes

2, 4, 6 & 8 Cylinders

TRIAL TRIPS may be arranged by appointment

'Phone: Central 402

AUTO CASTLE: 228, Avenue Joffre (opposite French Fire Station)

Assurance Franco-Asiatique

FIRE AND MARINE

5 Avenue Edouard VII

J. BEUDIN and M. SPEELMAN, General Manager.

"OSRAM" - "G.E.C."

DRAWN - WIRE - LAMPS

"NO OTHER LAMP IS STRONGER"

Obtainable from all Electrical Dealers or from the Sole Importers

The General Electric Co. (of China), Ltd.

Shanghai—Hongkong—Hankow

7 Jinkee Road, Shanghai

Phones 1606 & 1608

Business and Official Notices

(Second Section)

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

Classified Advertisements
2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)
All Advertisements must be Prepaid
Replies must be called for

SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, JANUARY 3, 1919

S.S. "MELVILLE DOLLAR"

The S/S "Melville Dollar" is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai-Hongkew-Pootung East Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their goods. All claims against this steamer must be sent in within ten days after completion of the steamer's discharge or they will not be recognised. All risk of fire at the wharf to be borne by the consignees of the goods. Examination of damaged cargo will take place at the Wharf on Tuesday, January 7th at 10 a.m.

THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO.

20713

NOTICE

From 1st January, 1919, Mr. Chaou Kung-che will act as our compradore, filling the vacancy occassioned by the death of our late compradore, Mr. Chang Yue-che.

CHINA & JAVA EXPORT CO.
L. JACOB, General Manager.

Shanghai, January 1st, 1919.

20711

NOTICE

With reference to the notice in this paper of Messrs. J. H. and C. K. Eagle, Inc., I beg to state that my connection as compradore to the said firm terminated already on May the 31st, 1918. After that date I acted as compradore to Mr. G. Louis, which position I, however, resigned, as per my letter to him of December the 9th, 1918.

WOH SONG CHING
莫 觴 清

20715

NOTICE

Commercial Pacific Cable Company

Our route to Manila and America is restored.

J. D. GAINES,
Superintendent.

Shanghai, January 3rd, 1919.

20714

Ordonnance Consulaire

No. 12

24 Décembre 1918.

Nous, Auguste WILDEN, Consul de France, Chargé du Consulat Général de France à Changhai, Chevalier de la Légion d'Honneur.

Vu la délibération de la Commission d'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai en date du Dix neuf Décembre Mil neuf cent dix huit, ainsi concue:—

"BUDGET, 1919.—Considérant le surcroît de dépenses résultant du développement naturel que prennent les différents services de l'Administration Municiaple,

"En vue de se procurer les nouvelles ressources qui lui sont nécessaires pour assurer le bon fonctionnement desdits services, et particulièrement de ceux qui intéressent la sécurité et la salubrité publique,

"La Commission, sur la proposition du Comité des Finances, décide de porter, à partir du 1 Janvier 1919, et sur toute l'étendue du territoire de la Concession Francaise,

"1.) L'Impôt Foncier à 6/10% par an

"2.) L'Impôt Locatif Etranger à 10% par an."

Vu les §1, 2 et 3 de l'Art. 9 de l'Ordonnance du 14 Avril 1868, portant règlement d'organisation Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai,

Vu l'Art. 10 de la même Ordonnance,

Attendu que la délibération ci-dessus de la Commission d'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai n'est en rien contraire aux Lois et Règlements Francais,

Par ces motifs,

Avons ordonné et ordonnons ce qui suit:—

Est rendue exécutoire, à partir du 1. Janvier 1919, selon sa forme et sa teneur, la délibération sus-visée de la Commission d'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai, en date du Dix Neuf Décembre Mil neuf cent dix huit.

Fait à Changhai, en l'Hôtel Consulaire, le Vingt qua tre Décembre 1918.

Le Consul de France,
Chargé du Consulat Général de France à Changhai,
Signé: A. WILDEN.

Pour copie certifiée conforme
Shanghai, le 24 Décembre 1918.
Pour le Vice-Consul, Chanceller,
Signé: Fernand ROY.

20680

NOTICE

We hereby give notice that we have granted General Power of Attorney to Mr. F. H. W. Le Roux, who will sign our company per procuration as and from this date.

Handelmaatschappij "Transmarina"
("Transmarina" Trading Co.)
G. J. GRILK,
Manager.

Shanghai, 1st Janhary, 1919.

20716

EDEN HOSPITAL

Dept. of Venenal Diseases
P372 Nanking Road
(Opp. Lloyd Road)
Hours: 10-12; 2-4 except Sunday
Special consideration to men in uniform
DR. JAMES YUKING, Supt.

Now is the Moment!

If you want to buy a first class nicely situated dwelling house in

TSINGTAO

Please apply to
J. TH. MONCHEN,
TSINGTAO.

P. O. Box 115 20380

Calculator Machines for Sale

A time-and-money-saving machine which adds, subtracts, multiples and divides. Sold for the small sum of Tls. 15.00 only.

APPLY TO THE
Continental Import & Export Company
8 MUSEUM ROAD.

12367

Union Church Hall

Friday, January 3rd, 5.15 p.m.

Dickens'

"CHRISTMAS CAROL"

(adapted and presented by by Chinese girl students)

Proceeds toward Siberian Orphans' Fund

Admission $1.00 and 50 cents.

20705

Liengyi Mercantile Co.

Dealers in all kinds of sewing machines, prices exceptionally moderate. Repair orders promptly executed.

Y. 15-A North Szechuen Road

20678

TO LET

from 1st February, 1919, in Baikal Road. New 4-roomed residences with large attics, fitted with Gas and Electricity. Near tramlines. Rent moderate.

For further particulars apply to
CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT,
20, The Bund,
Entrance on Nanking Road.

20684

PORT WINES

Hunt, Roope, Teage & Co.

HUNT'S PORTS

Full Rich
Tawny
Very Old Tawny
Newfoundland
Invalid
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Coronation

Garner, Quelch & Co.

CENTRAL 2021

Yut Sae Chang & Co.

Wholesale Hardware Merchants
Building Contractors
Engineers' Supplies.
A1284 BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

Ball-Bearing Skates, Basket Balls, Stove Polish, Door Springs and Vacuum Bottles.

17997

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that Mr. Moh Song-Ching (莫觴清) is no longer connected with our corporation, as compradore, and that he is not authorised to act hereafter for us in any capacity—nor use henceforth, either the foreign or local Hong name (美應 Mei-ying) of this corporation.

J. H. & C. K. EAGLE, INC.
行洋應美

Shanghai,
31st December, 1918.

20689

T. Ichiki & Co.

Phone North 2631.
Dealer in
Musical Instruments and Music.
Y. 36, North Szechuen Road.

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2563.

VEHICLE RANKS.

The attention of the public is drawn to the following extract from Municipal Notification No. 2533, dated July 31, 1918:—

"Owners are earnestly requested to refrain from leaving their vehicles standing in the narrow and busy thoroughfares of the Central District, and to utilise the aforementioned ranks to the fullest possible extent, thus assisting the Police in the regulation of traffic."

Notice is hereby given that the rank on Hankow Road, between Kiangse and Honan Roads, is now ready for use. A telephone (Central 2544) has been installed on the rank, and an English-speaking Chinese Constable will be on duty between the hours of 8 a.m. and 8 p.m. daily.

In ordering their cars by telephone, owners are requested to mention only the number of the car required and not to enter into conversation with the Constable on duty.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Acting Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, December 25, 1918.

20646

PLEASE LOOK AT YOUR SHOULDERS

Have They Any Wrinkles?

If you like to have a perfect fit, call on
Henry The Tailor,
J14 Seward Road and 1010A Broadway
(*Opposite Old Dock*)

I acquired the art of cutting from an American tailor. A trial is solicited.

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

(ZUNG LEE & SONS, ESTABLISHED 1895)
A1299 BROADWAY & 617 TIENDONG ROAD, SHANGHAI

Stocks of
Metals, Hardware and Sundries.
Contractors to
GOVERNMENTS, MUNICIPALITIES, RAILWAYS, TRAMWAYS, ETC.

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MODEL 4 — $120.00
MODEL 5 — $150.00

OLIVERS

MODEL 7
$110.00

HIGHEST GRADE REBUILT FULLY GUARANTEED

Phone Central 4778 — **THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.** — Phone Central 4778

4 Canton Road, Shanghai

Stewart V-RAY SEARCHLIGHT

A Real Searchlight for Every Car

It is designed with scientific accuracy to project an intense, piercing "searchlight" beam.

For particulars, apply to the Sole Agents,

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

MASON & CO.

CONFECTIONERS
No. 90 BUBBLING WELL ROAD. [OPPOSITE RACE COURSE]
Fancy Cakes and Candies of French Style in All Descriptions
Telephone Central 3829

FREIGHT SPACE

To London and Marseilles

MONTHLY SERVICE TO THE PORTS NAMED

Freight and further particulars, please apply to

H. SHIMAMURA, Manager

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

Telephone Central 4234. — 4 Bund, Canton Road

20709

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 14

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 14

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE
14-15 Quinsan Gardens
Comfortable rooms front and back, (with bathrooms and verandah), to let. Good table.
Telephone North 433.

CONNAUGHT HOUSE
8 Quinsan Gardens
To let with board large and small well furnished rooms, every convenience, accommodation for table boarders. Good cuisine. Apply Mrs. G. Pollock.

TO LET, with board, two large rooms, bedroom and sittingroom, with private bathroom adjoining, hot and cold water, telephone, garage, stabling and tennis. Apply to Box 460, THE CHINA PRESS.

SMALL but comfortable room free, with bathroom, facing south. Good home, excellent table, moderate terms. Apply to Box 457, THE CHINA PRESS.

20682 J-3

TO LET, on Range Road, six rooms with furniture. Apply to 36 Range Road.

20707 J-4

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, well-furnished, semi-detached house in Route de Say Zoong, three bedrooms, bathrooms attached (hot and cold water, sanitary closet), two reception rooms, large halls and attic, telephone, garden; also garage and stabling if required. Occupation March/April. Apply to Box 464, THE CHINA PRESS.

20712 J-9

TO RENT, thoroughly modern, four-roomed house, large lawn, 29 Rue Corneille. Immediate possession. Apply to Box 465, THE CHINA PRESS.

20719 J-9

TO LET, very modern detached, six roomed residence, Western district, with tennis court. Garage and stabling. Rent Taels 110. Apply to J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

20699

TO LET, desirable furnished flat of four rooms, two clothes closets, bath, kitchen, servants' quarters, etc. Two blocks from car line, in Western district. Rent, including light, water and taxes, Tls. 125 per month. Garage, Tls. five per month. Apply to Box 442, THE CHINA PRESS.

20700

TO RENT, five-room modern house, completely furnished, with small garage, for eight months from February first; near Rifle Range. Tls. 80 per month. Apply A. C. Davis, 6 Kiukiang Road. Telephone 4757.

20685 J-2

SPECIALIST

(can speak English well)
For
Venereal and Surgical Diseases.
Men and Women's Diseases.
Skin Diseases and Rheumatism
Injection of all kinds of vaccine serums, and 1914 (606). Test of blood.
Charges moderate.
(Japanese) Dr. K. WATANABE, A.M., M.D.
11 Haining Road (fifth house from North Szechuen Road).
Tel. North 2279.

HONMA HOSPITAL,

No. 8A Miller Road. Tel. North 2961

DR. T. YAMADA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial Universities at Tokio and Fukuoka.)
Internal Medicine,
Children's Diseases.

DR. K. HONMA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases,
Confinements, Surgery,
Skin Diseases.

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED, by American importing firm, man to take charge of chemical and dye department. Must have experience in and knowledge of local dye and chemical market. Replies, confidential, to Box 462, THE CHINA PRESS.

20708 J-3

WANTED, by American importing firm, man to take charge of metal and hardware trade. Must be thoroughly experienced in local market and conditions. Replies, confidential, to Box 463, THE CHINA PRESS.

20708 J-3

WANTED for outport, bookkeeper. Reply, stating experience and salary required to Box 459, THE CHINA PRESS.

20692 J-5

DANCING

PROFESSIONAL teacher, B. Richard, 312 Avenue Joffre, is now free to give private lessons in modern ball-room dances. One dance taught in less than a week.

20687 J-9

SITUATIONS WANTED

EXPERIENCED stenographer wishes to undertake extra work after office hours. Accustomed to engineering terms. Apply to Box 458, THE CHINA PRESS.

20688 J-7

EXPERT DYER, Allied nationality, many years in China, is ready to organise special department and take up permanent position with importing firm intending to introduce Dyes and Chemicals on the Chinese market. Good references and qualifications. Apply to Box 377, THE CHINA PRESS.

20443

APARTMENTS WANTED

ROOM, with board, wanted by young man, in proper American or English family. Apply Kalee Hotel No. 25.

20720 J-4

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES and godowns to let in Canton and Kiangse Roads. Apply to 10 Yangtzepoo Road. Telephone East 24.

20693 J-8

TRANSLATIONS

English and Chinese translations of agreements, letters, legal documents, advertisements, articles and commercial documents and literature undertaken by translator experienced in consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work. Accuracy ensured and confidence respected. Please apply care of Chang Nieh-tun, 1 Museum Road or P. D. 159, Haining Road opposite West End Lane.

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, for Tls. 15,000 cash, rent Tls. 8,000 per annum, nine nearly new foreign residences, six rooms each, with all modern conveniences, on Avenue Joffre. Balance can remain en mortgage. This property is being sacrificed as owner is forced to sell. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

20697

FOR SALE, the medical practice of a Yangtsze port. Very reasonable terms. Apply to Box 441, THE CHINA PRESS.

20698

FOR SALE, Dollmeyer rapid rectilinear lens, No. 9, 15×12, F/8. Apply to Asia Photo Supply Co.

20651 J-4

BUICK motor-car for sale, 1918 model, five-seater, four-cylinder. Used 2,000 miles. Any reasonable offer accepted. Apply to Box 451, THE CHINA PRESS.

20668 J-3

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Timber Market Report

The China Import and Export Lumber Co. write as follows in their report dated January 1, 1919.

The situation in the local timber trade has somewhat improved through the efforts of the committee of the Chinese Lumber Guild in inducing the members of the guild to endeavor to get together for mutual support.

Owing to the shortage of ready money in the local native banks and their reluctance to extend financial assistance to the smaller dealers and native building contractors, comparatively small sales have resulted at cut rates against "cash on delivery."

For sales on credit—i.e., payment within 30 days as customary—the Chinese Timber Guild at a general meeting passed resolutions to hold out for Tls. 75 basis on Oregon Pine and Tls. 40 on Japanese Pine. Some of the dealers are maintaining approximately these rates. Others, however, who are in need of funds, are selling considerably lower against promises of early payment.

It has been verified that there are more schooner cargoes of Oregon Pine on the way to China and a steamer arrived in port during the last week in December with a part cargo of Oregon Pine, thus adding to the already large stocks on the local market.

In view of the fact that these cargoes are actually costing, delivered Shanghai about Tls. 70 per 1,000 feet, it is obvious that in due course selling prices must be raised to correspond.

Meanwhile, and until further notice, regular clients of the Company requiring stock for use in building work actually in hand, will be charged prices as per appended list; it being clearly understood that payment shall be made in 30 days. No contracts for future delivery are entertained at these rates.

Attention is called to the fact that from today the schedule of extras for sale of Oregon Pine ex the Company's yards in China is altered to conform to the schedule of extras now in force in the purchase of the material in U.S.A. The new schedule is known as the 1919 Schedule, copy thereof being enclosed herewith.

Market selling rates of lumber and timber at Shanghai on January 1, 1919:

Planks and sawn logs sold in standard dimensions.

Price per 1,000 feet B.M. ex yard, Shanghai.

		S'hai Tls.
Oregon Pine basis rate		65.00
Lauan (Philippine)	4" plank	75.00
	6" "	80.00
	8" "	85.00
	10" "	90.00
	12" "	95.00
	14" "	100.00
	16" "	105.00
	18" "	110.00
Lauan (Philippine)	Logs	90.00
Apitong (Philippine)	4" plank	85.00
	6" "	90.00
	8" "	95.00
	10" "	100.00
	12" "	105.00
	14" "	110.00
	16" "	115.00
	18" "	120.00
Apitong (Philippine) Logs, sawn		100.00
Teak (Siam) "Golden Teak" in planks		nominal
Teak (Siam) in sawn squares		nominal
Sawn Oak (European grade) up to 8" wide with increase of price of Tls. 2.50 for every additional inch in width.		100.00
Hewn Logs:		
Yalu Pine, up to 24'		50.00
Yalu Pine over 26'		52.50
Yellow Pine, up to 18'		55.00
Yellow Pine, over 20'		57.50
Japan Pine		35.00
White Ash (Son)		50.00
Brown Ash (Tamo)		50.00
Katsura		50.00
Oak		60.00

T. and G. Flooring:	No. 1	No. 2
Oregon Pine 1" x 4"	81.00	70.00
" " 1" x 6"	83.00	72.50
" " 1¼" x 4"	85.00	75.00
" " 1¼" x 6"	87.00	77.50
Tems (small stocks)	75.00	70.00
Apitong 1" x 2"–3"–4"	110.00	95.00
1¼"x 2"–3"–4"	110.00	95.00
Oak plain 1" and 1¼" x 2", 3", 4", 6"	110.00	95.00
Oak plain ½" x 2" (gross surface measure)	85.00	Nom.
Oak quartered ½" x 2" (gross surface measure)	110.00	Nom.
Apitong ½" x 2" (gross surface measure)	95.00	Nom.
Teak ½" x 2" (gross surface measure)	110.00	Nom.

Kiln-dried lumber Tls. 5 per 1,000 feet B.M. extra.

Prices quoted are ex yard, Shanghai.

Delivery charges within settlement and/or harbor limits, 3 percent extra.

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL
TIENTSIN

Cable Address
ASTOR

The leading Hotel in Tientsin. Delightfully situated, facing Victoria Park, and located in the Centre of the Town's Life and Business,

Spacious and Luxurious Dining and Reception Rooms.

Every Bedroom with private Bath and Toilet.

First Class Cuisine and Selected Cellar, under Foreign supervision.

Central Heating, Electric Light, Modern Sanitary Arrangements.

Hotel Motor-Omnibus and Porters meet all Trains and Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at
10 Canton Road,
Shanghai.

"BICKERTON'S"
PRIVATE HOTEL
73, 74 and 75 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by trams. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. Separate baths, hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

British-America Assurance Co.
Telephone No. 98
The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native risk at Current Rates.
FRAZAR & Co.

Shanghai Tramways

Foreign Settlement

The following is the Traffic Return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the month of December, 1918, and for the year 1918, with corresponding figures for the previous year:

	Dec., 1918. Mex. $.
Gross Receipts	146,889.76
Loss by currency depreciation	34,254.65
Effective Receipts	$ 112,635.11
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	24.65
Car Miles run	339,378
Passengers Carried	6,679,890

	Year 1918. Mex. $.
Gross Receipts	1,790,822.41
Loss by currency depreciation	390,376.99
Effective Receipts	$1,330,445.42
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	23.95
Car Miles run	4,112,776
Passengers Carried	78,683,690

	Dec., 1917. Mex. $.
Gross Receipts	135,468.13
Loss by currency depreciation	29,147.93
Effective Receipts	$106,320.20
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	22.80
Car Miles run	330,989
Passengers Carried	6,163,299

	Year 1917. Mex. $.
Gross Receipts	1,613,632.48
Loss by currency depreciation	354,775.96
Effective Receipts	$1,258,856.52
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	23.26
Car Miles run	4,015,217
Passengers Carried	73,461,492

D. McCOLL,
General Manager.

The following is the Traffic Return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week ended January 1, 1919, with figures for the corresponding week last year:

	1919. Mex. $.
Gross Receipts	34,341.50
Loss by currency depreciation	8,104.85
Effective Receipts	$26,236.65
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	24.89
Car Miles run	76,501
Passengers Carried	1,548,538

	1918. Mex. $.
Gross Receipts	29,446.91
Loss by currency depreciation	6,352.42
Effective Receipts	$23,094.52
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	22.87
Car Miles run	74,202
Passengers Carried	1,334,315

D. McCOLL,
General Manager.

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS
A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Those ladies who keep a box of Martin's Apiols in the house, so that on the first sign of any irregularity of the system a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them; hence their enormous sale in all Chemists and Stores, or post free 2/-, from MARTIN, Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENG.

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up (Main Line) Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS.	Local	Express R.	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R	Local	Fast Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI NORTH.....dep.	..	7.55	9.10	9.40	12.45	15.25	17.15	21.00
SOOCHOW.....dep.	..	9.41	11.22	12.20	14.55	18.15	19.20	1.06
WUSIH.....dep.	..	10.31	12.24	13.41	15.54	19.27	20.23	2.10
CHANGCHOW...dep.	6.50	11.22	13.16	15.03	16.48	..	21.25	3.10
TANYANG.....dep.	8.06	12.09	14.11	16.16	17.41	..	..	..
CHINKIANG.....dep.	9.16	12.52	14.55	17.17	18.22	..	..	5.06
NANKING.....arr.	11.19	14.15	*16.35	19.20	19.50	..	..	6.50
PUKOW.....dep.	..	..	18.30	1.T.T.	..	..	..	..
TSINANFU.....dep.	..	..	17.46	Express	..	..	..	..
TIENTSIN arr.	..	..	6.00		..	..	..	..
CENTRAL dep.	..	..	7.20		..	..	..	..
PEKING.....arr.	..	..	10.20		..	..	..	..

STATIONS.	Local	Fast Local	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R.	Express R.	Local	Night Express R.S.
PEKING.....dep.	..	..	16.45	1.T.T. Express	..	..	..	..
TIENTSIN arr.	..	..	19.30		..	..	..	..
CENTRAL dep.	..	..	21.45		..	..	..	..
TSINANFU.....dep.	..	..	8.15		..	..	..	..
PUKOW.....arr.	..	..	6.00		..	..	..	..
NANKING.....dep.	..	..	*7.35	8.00	11.45	*14.20	16.35	23.00
CHINKIANG....dep.	..	..	9.00	10.10	13.20	16.06	18.16	1.00
TANYANG.....dep.	..	..	9.56	10.59	14.12	16.41	19.08	..
CHANGCHOW..dep.	7.00	..	10.34	12.18	15.08	17.39	20.30	3.06
WUSIH.....dep.	8.15	9.10	11.28	13.36	16.00	18.29	..	4.11
SOOCHOW.....dep.	9.35	8.08	12.23	14.54	17.01	19.21	..	5.13
SHANGHAI NORTH.....arr.	12.15	10.15	14.20	17.50	19.00	21.00	..	7.06

R. Restaurant Cars. *Connects at Pukow with the through Siberian service. S. Sleeping Cars.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (BRANCH LINE) Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down

WOOSUNG FORTS..dep.	6.50	8.30	10.50	13.15	14.40	16.20	18.10	19.55	21.30	SHANGHAI NORTH..dep.	6.10	7.20	10.05	12.25	14.00	14.20	17.20	19.10	20.45
KIANGWAN dep.	7.17	8.57	11.17	13.42	15.07	16.47	18.37	20.22	21.57	KIANGWAN dep.	6.21	7.41	10.16	12.36	14.11	15.41	17.41	19.21	20.56
SHANGHAI NORTH .. arr.	7.25	8.45	11.25	13.50	15.15	16.55	18.45	20.30	22.05	WOOSUNG FORTS..arr.	6.46	8.06	10.40	13.00	14.35	16.05	18.05	19.45	21.30

PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless)

Paris, December 31.—(Via Lyons and Koukasa.—Paris Exchange:

Paris-London cheques	26.00
War Loans 3 percent	61.55
4 percent 1917	71.15
Liberty Loans	
4 percent 1918	71.30
5 percent	88.30

BANK OF ENGLAND

Reuter's Service

London, December 26.—The Bank of England rate of discount is now 5 percent and the proportion of reserve to liabilities is 16 percent.

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 10 a.m.

Tuesday, January 7, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 1 p.m.

Friday, January 10, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers on board the R.V.F. s.s. Penza will leave Customs Jetty at 4 p.m.

Shipping Items

The C.U. s.s. Sinkiang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.
The C.M. s.s. Kiangtoo left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.
The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.
The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.
The I.-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.
The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.
The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.
The I.-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.
The H.O. s.s. Tehhsing left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.
The C.N. s.s. Suiyang left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.
The C.N. s.s. Chungking will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.
The C.M. s.s. Hwahta will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.
The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.
The N.K.K. s.s. Tufoo Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.
The I.-C. s.s. Kutwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.
The N.Y.K. s.s. Katori Maru (Pacific Line) with mails left Nagasaki for Shanghai yesterday and may be expected to arrive tomorrow.
The C.N. s.s. Kaifong will leave Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

Siccawei Weather Report

Gloomy weather with strong N to NW squalls. The anticyclone prevails with an increasing intensity all over the continent, while the depressions of the northerly and central districts put to sea and travel towards Japan.

2.—Very cloudy weather Intermittent cold and stron NW squalls. Barometer above the average.

Thursday, January 2, 1919.

WEATHER	4 A.M.	9 A.M.
Bar. at Centg., mm	774.87	776.27
Bar. at Centg., inches.	30.51	30.56
Variation for mm 24h	†0.38	†8.57
Variation for mm 12h	†4.80	†2.62
Wind—Direction	NW	NW
Wind—Kilom per hour	34	43
Wind—Miles	21.1	26.7
Temperature—Cen	–2°8	–2°7
Temperature—Fah	27.0	27.2
Humidity cc:	57	45
Nebulosity 5-10	0	9
Rainfall mm	—	—
Rainfall inches	—	—

CONGOLEUM RUGS
SANITARY - WATERPROOF - ROTPROOF

GOODYEAR TIRES
AKRON
FOR MAXIMUM MILEAGE

Cook by Electricity

WHY?
BECAUSE IT IS CLEAN

In electric cooking there is no fire, consequently there is no smoke, no soot, no gases are given off.

No flues to clean, no matches scattered about the floor

Electric Cooking is clean Cooking

Electric Cookers may be hired from:

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT
SHOWROOMS: 471-2 NANKING ROAD. TEL. CENTRAL 2660.

CHEVROLET
HIRE CARS
DAY OR NIGHT
$3.00 per hour
$1.00 minimum
Phone - Central 2403
K. T. C. GARAGE
21 Foochow Road.

Since War broke out
10,000 Oliver Typewriters
have been bought by H. B. M. Government for military purposes

Oliver Typewriter Agency: 1, Foochow Road.

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar and Motor Co., Ltd.
(Established 1851)

SOLE AGENTS FOR:

Automobiles Berliet, Lyon.....Berliet Cars
The Studebaker Corporation of America.....Studebaker Cars
F. B. Stearns Co., Cleveland, O. Stearns-Knight Cars
Scripps-Booth Corporation, Detroit.....Scripps-Booth Cars
Fabbrica Italian Automobili Torino.....Fiat Cars

Receives regular monthly shipments of the above-mentioned cars, with the exception of Berliet and Fiat cars which cannot be shipped during the duration of the War.

ALSO SOLE AGENTS FOR

The Prest-O-Lite Co., Indianapolis..Storage batteries
Stewart-Warner Speedometer Corp. Chicago.....Stewart produce

Large stocks of all kinds of motor accessories and supplies

All kinds of Automobile repairs undertaken

Owners of the largest and best equipped
COACH-BUILDING WORKS
in the Far East
which designs and constructs all types of bodies, from commercial vans to luxurious pleasure cars. Estimates prepared free of char

TELEPHONES:
General Office No. West 1248. Garage Nos. West 1282, and West 1213

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jessfield dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Siccawei dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Sunghiang dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16 07	17.42	....
Kashi dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....
Kashing arr.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.25	....	17.22	19.20	....
Yehsah dep.	8.45	11.05	13.16	15.50	....	17.58	....	....
Changan dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18 24	....	....
Hangchow dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou arr.	11 35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Hangchow dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Changan dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.36
Yehsah dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
Kashing dep.	....	7.15	9.23	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Kashi dep.	....	7.48	9.58	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Sunghiang dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Shanghai South arr.	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	10 39	11.36	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Siccawei dep.	....	10.39	11.46	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jessfield dep	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North arr	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE. ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao....	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou.....	dep.	—	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Kenshangmun..	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow.....	dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun..	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou.....	arr.	—	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao....	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

R. Restaurant Car.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve Fund	2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	1,200,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminister Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Iloilo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taiping
Delhi	Medan	(F. M. S.)
Haiphong	New York	Tavoy (Lower
Hankow	Peking	Burma)
Hongkong	Penang	Tientsin
	Yokohama	

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART.
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital	Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve	Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoote	
Hankou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e., Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION,
Manager.
1 French Bund, Shanghai.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:—	
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s.	$15,000,000
Silver	19,500,000
	$34,500,000
Reserve liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak Chairman.
G. T. M. Edkins Esq., Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay Esq.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
E. V. D. Parr Esq.
W. L. Pattenden Esq.
J. A. Plummer Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala-Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County and Westminister Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kug. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Sciefe Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun (Kwan-chendze)	Hankow	O/Amur
	Harbin	Peking
	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen (Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Desposit Boxes.

L. JEZLERSKI,
G. CARRERE.
Managers for Asia.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Capital	$541,006.00
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Deposits (June 30, 1918)	$2,088,000.00

Cable and Telegraphic Address:
"COMSAVBANK"
Telephone: Central 4522.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China and domestic exchange a specialty.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Savings Accounts at 4% per annum.

Pocket Saving Banks.
Safe Deposit Boxes.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital	$60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	$12,279,300.00
Reserve Fund	$1,298,552.60
Special Reserve Fund	$1,698,923.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Changchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hauchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtau	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts and Dollar Current Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 3 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG.
Manager.
Shanghai, 1st Nov., 1918.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique

Societe Anonyme
Paid-Up Capital .. Frs. 30,000,000

Head office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouvernor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne Societe Anonyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:

For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4 % per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

MITSUI BANK, LTD.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
13 Foochow Road

Capital (Paid-up)	Yen 20,000,000
Reserve	Yen 13,950,000

Head office: Tokio, Japan.
President: Baron Takayasu Mitsui.

Branches:
Osaka, Nishi (Osaka), Kobe, Yokohama, Nagasaki, Moji, Fukuoka, Shimonoseki, Hiroshima, Kyoto, Nagoya, Kukagawa (Tokio), Otaru.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Barclays Bank, Ltd. The London City and Midland Bank, Ltd.
New York: The National City Bank of New York.
The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business transacted.

I KENJOH, Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus ...U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits .....U.S. $1,713,000
H. T. S. Green,
President & General Manager.

London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street.

Far Eastern Branches
China: Shanghai, Peking Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu.
India: Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore.
Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.

West Indian and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon.
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris.
Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with *The National City Bank of New York* we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahai, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio, de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo Valparaiso.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.
Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager,
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed	Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up	Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 24,300,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Buenos Ayres	London	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Shimonoseki
Dalny	Mukden	Singapore
Hankow	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Harbin	Newchwang	Sydney
Hongkong	New York	Tientsin
Honolulu	Osaka	Tokio
Kaiyuen	Peking	Tsinanfu
Kobe	Rangoon	Tsingtau
		Valdivostock

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

The Mercanile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Subscribed Capital	1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	562,500
Reserve Fund	659,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and an Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T BEATH
Manager.
26 The Bund.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Capital (fully paid)	H.$2,000.000.00
Reserve Fund	H.$ 240,000.00
Investment reserve fund	H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG
Act. Manager.

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH
N. 1 Kiukiang Road.

Capital	Yen 30,000,000
Reserves	Yen 4,650,000

President, Baron K. Sumitomo

Head Office: OSAKA

Branches:
Important places in Japan
London, New York, San Francisco Seattle, Honolulu, Bombay and Hankow.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business. Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASAHARA,
Manager.

Telephones:—
Central 2318 Manager.
Central 2350 General Office.
Central 2350 General Office.
Central 4668 Compradore.
Central 4621 Night only.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

(Formerly The Chekiang Shing Nih Chartered Bank Ltd.)

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital	$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	266,000.00

Head Office: Shanghai
14, Peking Road.
Managers' Office Central 2650
Tel.: General: Central 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Savings Account at 4% per annum.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent

SHU CHIN MIH, Sub-Manager.
SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
O. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital	Yen 10,000,000
Head Office	Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.	

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore. Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtao, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

YOA YU,
Manager.

中華銀行 CHUNG FOO UNION BANK

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head offices: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital	$2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	$1,020,000

Managing Director:
SUN TAO SAN.

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusieh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuchow	Canton
Pengpu	Hongkong
	Tsinkiangpu

Agencies and Correspondents in foreign countries:
London, International Banking Corporation.
New York, International Banking Corporation.
San Francisco, International Banking Corporation.
Tokio, Bank of Chosen.
Kobe, Bank of Chosen.
Osaka, Bank of Chosen.
Yokohama, Bank of Taiwan.
And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S.441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.
T. D. ZAR, Sub-Manager.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco

Colombia	Dec. 7
Tamaha	Dec. 9
Shinyo Maru	Dec. 22
Tascalusa	Dec. 31
For Seattle	
Fushimi Maru	Dec. 21
For Tacoma	
Africa Maru	Dec. 5
For Vancouver	
Madras	Dec. 1
Monteagle	Dec. 29
For London, etc.	
Altai Maru	Dec. 27
Yokohama Maru	Dec. 28
For Liverpool	
Stentor	Dec. 13
Kaga Maru	Dec. 15
For Marseilles:	
Taisoku Maru	Dec. 10
Itsukushima Maru	Dec. 14
Adrien Badin	Dec. 18
Ganges Maru	Dec. 22
Genzan Maru	Dec. 28
For Copenhagen	
Australien	Dec. 25
For Bombay	
Hejaz	Dec. 7
Dunera	Dec. 8
For Calcutta	
Nizam	Dec. 15
For Saigon	
C. of Portland	Dec. 12
Geraldine Wolvin	Dec. 30
Mabel Stewart	Dec. 26
For Haiphong	
Jessie Norcross	Dec. 26

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$645
Chartered	£80 CNI
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$405 Sa.
North China	Tls. 116 B.
Union of Canton	$850
Yangtsze	$205 B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 26½ S.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$158 B.
Hongkong Fire	$340 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def	$158
Indo-China Pref	
"Shell"	125/- B.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 33½
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 37½
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 10 B.
Oriental Cons	21/-
Raub	$2¼
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$155 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 134
New Eng. Works	Tls. 25 S.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 95
Hongkong Wharf	$106 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 80
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 69
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 2
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	$15 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 170 B.
E-wo Pref	Tls. 97½
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 125 B.
Oriental	Tls. 58
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 147 B.
Kungyik	Tls. 15.10 B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 8½ B.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 90
Industrials	
Butler Tilles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$93
Green Island	$8.85 Sa.
Langkats	Tls. 22 S.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 112½
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$13½ B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$97½ B.
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$5.85 B.
Weeks	$13½
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 8
Amherst	Tls. 0.50 B.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7½ B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 4
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 18
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 0.70
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2
Bute	Tls. 0.70 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 1 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 7
Cheng	Tls. 2.10
Consolidated	Tls. 2.60 B.
Dominion	Tls. 7½
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 6½
Java Consolidated	Tl 15
Kamunting	Tls. 5½
Kapala	Tls. 0.50
Kapayang	Tls. 18
Karan	Tls. 10½
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 5 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 16
Padang	Tls. 9½ B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 4 B.
Permata	Tls. 24
Repah	Tls. 0.82½
Samagaga	Tls. 0.85
Seekee	Tls. 1 B.
Semambu	Tls. 0.90
Senawang	Tls. 8½
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.50
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 10
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1½
Sungala	Tls. 1.02½
Sungei Duri	Tls. 7½ B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3 B.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.60
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 0.85
Taiping	Tls. 1½
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.95
Tebong	Tls. 15
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 4.95
Miscellaneous	
C. I and E. Lumber	Tls. 350 B.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 11½ B.
S'hai Elec. and Asb.	$3
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 67½ B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 24
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 23
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 50
Shanghai Telephone	Tls. 79
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 170

S. Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers.

Telephone No. Central 308

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE
For Japan:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. Jan. 3
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru ..Jan. 7
For U.S. Canada and Europe:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kashima M. Jan. 3
For Europe, etc.
Per P. & O. s.s. Dilwara Jan. 6
For Manila
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Katori M. ..Jan. 4

MAILS DUE
From U.S. and Canada
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Katori M. Jan. 4
From France:
Per M.M. s.s. Sphinx .....Jan. 6

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Dec.	—	Vancouver	Bessie Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Jan.	4 —	Seattle, etc.	Kashima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	12 —	San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Jan.	16 —	Tacoma, etc.	Arabia Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan.	18 —	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan.	25 —	Vancouver	Empress of Japan	Br.	C.P.R.
Jan.	20 —	Tacoma, etc.	Manila Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan.	30 —	San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Jan.	— —	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Feb.	— —	Vancouver	Stanley Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Feb.	— —	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Feb.	— —	New York via Panama	Bloemfontein	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Feb.	1 —	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Feb.	2 —	Seattle, etc.	Katori Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	9 —	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Feb.	11 —	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Feb.	22 —	Vancouver	Empress of Japan	Br.	C.P.R.
Mar.	8 —	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Jan.	3 —	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Kokura Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	4 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	4 —	Kobe	Kanagawa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	8 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	10 —	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Yamashiro M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	10 —	Nagasaki	Penza	Rus.	R.V.F.
Jan.	11 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	14 —	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Jan.	20 —	Liverpool, etc.	Tamba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	25 —	London, etc.	Pembrokeshire	Br.	Glen Line
Jan.	— —	London	Borneo Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Feb.	3 —	London, etc.	Mishima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	— —	London, etc.	Andes Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Mar.	— —	London, etc.	Alps Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Jan.	3 noon	Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Paoting	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	3 4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	3 4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
Jan.	4 4.30	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	5 D.L.	Hongkong and Canton	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	5 —	Hongkong	Kwangtah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	5 D.L.	Swatow	Hwahkuei	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	5 —	Hongkong	Katori Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	6 D.L.	Swatow, H'kong & C'ton	Esang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	7 —	F'chow, K'lung & Takao	Suma Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan.	7 D.L.	Hongkong and Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	8 —	Hongkong	Chicago Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan.	9 D.L.	Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	11 —	Hongkong and Manila	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan.	12 D.L.	Swatow and Hongkong	Kaifong	Br.	B. & S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Jan.	3 11.00*	Tsingtao and Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Jan.	3 —	Chinwangtao	Hero	Jap.	K.M.A.
Jan.	4 noon	Dalny	Toko Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Jan.	5 D.L.	Weihaiwei & Chefoo	Koonshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	7 9.00*	Tsingtao	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Jan.	7 2.00	Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Jan.	10 4.30	Vladivostock	Penza	Rus.	R.V.F.
Jan.	12 —	Tsingtao and Dalny	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Jan.	3	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	3	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	4	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Fengyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Jan.	4	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	4	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Ningshae	Chi.	N. S. S. Co.
Jan.	5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	5	D.L. Wuhu	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	7	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Jan.	7	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	8	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	8	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	9	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	9	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	10	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	10	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Nganking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	11	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Chi.	B. & S.

*A.M. N.M.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Men-of-War In Port

Station	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Gun	Men	Commander
WTW			Snipe	Br. g-b.				
M.M.B.	Oct.	10	Villalobos	Am. g-b.				
W.T.W.			Nightingale	Br. g-b.				
P&OBI	Oct.	18	Sel. Caboto	It. g-b.				
			Kiangsi	Chi. g-b.				
			Litchoan	Chi. g-b.				
			Tsoutai	Chi. cr.				
			Kansien	Chi. g-b.				
			Lienkien	Chi. g-b.				
			Houpong	Chi. g-b.				
BI	Nov.	8	Kinsha	Br. g-b.				
	Nov.	15	Chienan	Chi. g-b.				
	Nov.	11	Fukong	Chi. g-b.				
SP	Dec.	21	Quiros	Am. g-b.				

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Loongwo**, tons 3,925, Capt. Findeison, will leave on **Friday, January 3**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Leunyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, January 3**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Fengyang Maru**, Captain S. Takano, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Saturday, January 4**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Woosung**, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, Jan. 4**, at about 12 o'clock midnight For Freight or Passage, apply to **Butterfield & Swire**, Agents. French Bund. Freight Tel. 77. Passage Tel. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Kiangfoo**, Captain J. M. Johannessen, will leave on Sunday night. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Luenho**, tons 2,868, Captain Jackson, will leave on **Monday, January 6**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Suiwo**, tons 2,671, Captain Gray, will leave on **Tuesday, January 7**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, January 7**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **Butterfield & Swire**, Agents Telephone No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chungking**, Captain J. Meathrel, will leave on **Wednesday, January 8**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Telephone No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Nganking**, Captain H. A. Wavell, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, January 10**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave on **Saturday, January 11**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Telephone No. 77.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain A. Scoot, R.N.R., will leave from the French Bundd on **Friday, January 3**, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Pasage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77. Pasage Telephone No. 401.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Paoting**, Captain P. R. Purslow, will leave on **Friday, January 3**, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on **Saturday** afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Kwangtah**, Captain C. Stewart, will leave on **Sunday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Chartered Steamer **Hwah Kuei**, Captain Hiraoka, will leave on **Sunday, January 5**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow**, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on **Sunday, January 5**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Sinkiang**, Captain G. W. Eedy, will leave from the French Bund driect for the above ports on **Tuesday, January 7**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Steamer **Suma Maru**, Captain N. Iwamatsu, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Tuesday, January 7**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the **Nisshin Kisen Kaisha** at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Cenutral No. 4234 & 4235.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Chicago Maru**, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Wednesday, January 8**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central 4234 and 4235.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang**, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Thursday, January 9**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW & HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kaifong**, Captain John Cogan, will leave from the French Bund on **Sunday, January 12**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

CHINWANGTAO direct, taking through cargo for **TIENTSIN:**—The Kailan Mining Administration, s.s. **HERO**, will despatch on **Friday, January 3.** For Freight apply to Agents, 1 Jinkee Road Tel. central 1115.

For Foreign Ports

LONDON.—The Steamer **Borneo Maru**, Captain Y. Ishikawa, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf During **January.** The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN, KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TAKOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI or MOJI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Arabia Maru**, Captain I. Hamada, will be despatched on **Thursday, January 16.** Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Telephone No. **Central 4234 and 4235.**

TAKOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Manila Maru**, Captain N. Kobayashi, will be despatched on **Monday, January 20.** Through Bills of Lading are granted to ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment to U. S. A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Cunstom's Jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Central Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For **CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.**—S.S. **Woosung, Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting, Wuchang and Chungking.**—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Human Lines.

The steamers **Wuchang and Chungking** are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For **WEIHAIWEI, CHEEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).**—S.S. **Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengkiang.**—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For **AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG, and CANTON.**—S.S. **Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.**—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For **NINGPO—S.S. Hsin Peking.**—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents, 21-23 French Bund.

Freight: Telephone Central 77,
Passage: Telephone Central 401.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

"SUNSHINE BELT"
Trans-Pacific Service
BY the New, 14,000 Ton, Oil Burning Steamers
"ECUADOR" VENEZUELA" "COLOMBIA"
AMERICAN REGISTRY
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (Subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu		For Hongkong and Manila	
S.S. Venezuela	Jan. 18	S.S. Ecuador	Jan. 11
S.S. Ecuador	Feb. 1	S.S. Colombia	Feb. 8

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

East India Service
By the Modern, Oil Burning Steamers
"COLUSA" .....16,000 tons "SANTA CRUZ" ..15,000 tons
AMERICAN REGISTRY
SAILINGS FROM MANILA (Subject to Change)

For Colombo via Singapore and Calcutta		For San Francisco via Cobu and Honolulu	
S.S. Santa Cruz	Jan. —	S.S. Santa Cruz	Mar. —
S.S. Colusa	Mar. 12	S.S. Colusa	May 1

Safety and comfort of passengers our first consideration. For information of freight or passage apply to
PACIFC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056 Cable Addres "Solano"

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

FOR LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore and Port Said)
ALTAI MARU ..(15,000 tons) Capt. T. Fuchigami, During Dec.
BORNOE MARU (10,000 tons) Capt. Y. Ishikawa, During Jan.
ANDES MARU ..(15,000 tons) Capt. K. Saito, During Feb.
ALPS MARU ....(15,000 tons) Capt. T. Yamaguchi, During Mar.
FOR MARSEILLES (Via Hongkong and Singapore). During Jan.

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama).
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

			arr.	leave.
ARABIA MARU	(18,000 tons)	Capt. I. Hamada,	Jan. 15	Jan. 16
MANILA MARU.	(20,000 tons)	Capt. N. Kobayashi,	Jan. 18	Jan. 20

FOR HONGKONG
CHICAGO MARU (12,000 tons) Capt. T. Saito, Jan. 7 Jan. 8
FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tsingtao and Dairen).
KOHOKU MARU (5,000 tons) Capt. M. Tsubaki, Jan. 9 Jan. 12
FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).
SUMA MARU .....(3,500 tons) Capt. N. Iwamatsu, Jan. 5 Jan. 7

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to Europe, South America, South Africa, Australia, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to.—
H. SHIMAMURA, Manager.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Union Building, 4 The Bund
O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside. Tel. Nos. Central 4234 and 4235.
Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209. Tel. Address: SHOSEN, SHANGHAI

CANADIAN PACIFIC
OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED
PACIFIC SERVICE

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

NOTICE

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA
EMPRESS OF ASIA
RESUME MONTHLY SERVICE
Hongkong—Shanghai—Japan Ports
To Vancouver

First Sailing Empress of Russia about Feb. 22nd and Every Four Weeks thereafter

DOMINION EXPRESS TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES SOLD.
At daily rates of exchange. Can be cashed in any city in America.

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, etc., apply to
G. M. JACKSON
General Agent, Passenger Department, 19-A The Bund, Palace Hotel Building.
Tel. Central 182.

For through bills of lading quotation of freight rates, etc., apply to
L. E. N. RYAN, Agent,
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads.
Tel. Central 181.

T. K. K.

SHANGHAI BRANCE OFFICE
TOYO KISEN KAISHA
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.)

Imperial Japanese and U. S. M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

SIBERIA MARU	For San Francisco	January 30
TENYO MARU	For San Francisco	February 11
SHINYO MARU	For San Francisco	March 8

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

All the steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performances, Deck Dances, Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

Lay-Over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company and Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the Purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, *Manager.*
North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings
'Phone, Central 3229 (Entrance, 71 Szechuen Road.)

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

THE AMERICAN STEAMERS
"NANKING" (15,000 TONS) AND "CHINA" (10,200 TONS)
WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

*S.S. "NANKING"	JAN.	15th
S.S. "CHINA"	FEB.	9th

*S.S "Nanking" does not all at Nagasaki.

FOR HONGKONG VIA MANILA

S.S. "NANKING"	JAN.	11th
S.S. "CHINA"	JAN.	22nd

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to
F. C. CHARMAN.
Acting Agent.
CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
PHONE CENTRAL 4773

JAMES MAGILL & Co.

Cargo delivered at any Address in Shanghai.
Furniture and Curios Packed for Shipment by Expert Packers
SHIPPING AND FORWARDING AGENTS.
Telephone 1648 85, Szechuen Road

SHIPPING

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles and England:

	Tons		
MISHIMA MARU	16,000	Capt. S. Murazumi,	Feb. 3
TAMBA MARU	12,500	Capt. S. Shioya,	Jan. 20

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. E. Tozawa,	Jan. 4
KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. I. Noma,	Feb. 2

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

KOKURA MARU	4,500	Capt. S. Ito,	Jan. 3
YAMASHIRO MARU ...	7,000	Capt. G. Nakajima,	Jan. 10
CHIKUGO MARU	5,000	Capt. H. Taniguchi,	Jan. 14

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

TAKESHIMA MARU ...	4,500	Capt. S. Saito,	Jan. 2
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. R. Arakida,	Jan. 4
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Jan. 8
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	Jan. 11

KOBE TO SEATTLE

ATSUTA MARU	16,000	Capt. K. Inatsu,	Jan. 4

FOR JAPAN

KANAGAWA MARU ..	12,500	Capt. M. Furnhashi,	Jan. 4

FOR HONGKONG

KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. I. Noma,	Jan. 5

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. J. Teranaka,	Jan. 25

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

NOKKO MARU	10,000	———	Jan. —
KITANO MARU	16,000	———	Feb. —
TANGO MARU	14,000	———	March —

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to

T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

November 20th, 1918, and until further notice

Express 5.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. B. S.	Mail 4. B.	Mail 102. B. a.
1645	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2230	1950	1020
1925	685		arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1935	1700	720
1931	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1658	710
1940	620		arr. Tientsin-East dep.	1920	1645	700
..	2310	524	arr. Mukden dep.	230	..	1040

Local 5.	Mail 3. B. s.			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Mail 4. B. s.	Local 6.
715	2115	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	—	624	1612
735	2125	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	—	615	1602
745	2145	—		dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	600	1547
1133	121	—	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	—	139	1221
1451	449	—	148	dep. Techow dep.	—	2137	938
1801	752	—	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	—	1746	640
7.	:	—	220	:	—	:	8.
800	815	—	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	—	1726	1812
1057	1051	—	266	dep. Taianfu dep.	—	1458	1542
1308	1318	—		arr. Yenchowfu dep.	—	1152	1311
1315	1335	—	318	dep. Yenchowfu arr.	—	1142	1256
1554	1637	—	377	dep. Lincheng dep.	—	846	1022
1818	1838	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	620	810
9.	:	—	420	:	—	:	10.
630	1855	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	545	2007
1746	2325	—	523	arr. Pengpu dep.	—	050	1442
1206	2345	—		dep. Pengpu arr.	—	030	1432
1857	412	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	2013	928
1849	603	—	631	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1830	728

Fast 6.				Shanghai-Nanking Line		Fast 6.
720		..	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	..	1626
1430		..	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	..	910

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line					Lincheng-Tsechuang Branch Line					
930	1350	2150	d. Yenchowfu a.	630	1230	2000	530	1110	1800	d. Lincheng a.	810	1410	2100
1052	1456	2232	a. Tsiningchow d.	528	1128	1858	638	1219	1908	a. Tsechuang d.	708	1302	1952

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 — train runs on Thursday only. 230 — train runs on Fridays only.

300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

S — train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s — train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, November, 1918.

Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press
should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew market as compiled on December 31, 1918.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	,,	16-20
Pork	,,	25-30
Veal	,,	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	18-20
Cod	,,	20-25
Mandarin	,,	25-30
Mackerel	,,	25-30
Pomfret	,,	25-30
Salmon	,,	18-20
Samli	,,	none
Soles	,,	16-20
Whitebait	,,	20-25
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$3.00-$3.50
Duck	,,	40-80
Eggs	per doz.	20-24
Fowl	per lb.	16-18
Geese	each	$1.00-$1.40
Hare	,,	35-40
Partridge	,,	35-40
Pheasant	,,	50-60
Pigeons	,,	15-20
Plover	,,	none
Quail	,,	18-20
Snipe	,,	18-20
Turkey	per lb.	35-40
Teal	each	16-18
Wild Duck	,,	35-40
Wild Geese	,,	40-50
Wild Pigeons	,,	10-12
Woodcock	,,	40-50
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	,,	14-20
Bananas	,,	5-6
Cherries	,,	none
Chestnuts	,,	10-12
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	16-18
Lemons	each	8-10
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Mongosteens	per doz.	none
Melons	each	none
Oranges	per lb.	6-8
Peaches	,,	none
Pears	,,	8-12
Persimmons	,,	none
Peeboes	,,	none
Plums	,,	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples	,,	8-10
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	,,	12-14
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	2-3
Asparagus	per doz.	none
French Beans	per lb.	10-12
Broad Beans	,,	8-10
Beetroot	per bunch	3-4
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-4
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	15-20
Celery	per bunch	10-12
Egg Plant	per lb.	8-10
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	,,	6-8
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Potatoes	per picul	$1.70-$2
Peas	per lb.	none
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	,,	8-10
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain And Flour		
Flour American	per 50 lbs.	——
Flour Australian	,,	$4.00
Flour Shanghai	,,	$2.20
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$7.00
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	,,	17
Fodder		
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$2.50
Bran	,,	$2.20
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 19.00
Stove Coal	per ton	Tls. 23.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

FRIDAY, JANUARY 3, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Ger.
Today							
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada U. S. & Europe via Canada	Kashima maru	..	15.30	..	..	..	15.00
River Ports	Kwangtse str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Dairen	Kobe maru	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Amoy	Paoting	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Ahsow and Hongkong	Paoting	..	12.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostock	Erivan	..	16.00	..	..	..	..
Nikapo	Hsin Peking	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Fu-in	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	do	..	7.00	..	..	..	..
V'stock & Syria via Pukow and Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train	..	..	..	17.00	..	17.00
Hankow	Loongwo	..	12.00	..	..	..	..
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada Honolulu, U. S. & Europe	Kashima maru	..	..	17.00	..	..	16.00
Tomorrow							
Hongsong	Yingchow	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong and Canton	do	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong	Kwangtsh	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy and Swatow	Hwahkuei	11.00	17.00	..	..	..	11.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	11.00	..	..	..	..	11.00
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Koonshing	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Manila	Katori maru	..	..	15.00	..	..	..
Sunday, Jan. 5.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow and Hongkong	Esang	..	7.00	..	..	..	..
Monday, Jan. 6.							
Hongsong	Sinkang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
H'kong, Saigon, C'mbo, India, Egypt and Europe via Suez	Diwara	..	A10.00	..	..	..	9.30
Hongkong	Katori maru	..	9.30	..	..	..	..
Wednesday, Jan. 8.							
Amoy and Hongkong	Sniyang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..

A Parcel post 9:30 value 7:30 p.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m.

B Letters and boxes with declared

Ordinary mails for Tientsin Peking, Hankow, etc. will close daily at 8 a.m.; express mails at 8:30 a.m.; registered mails at 8 p.m.

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Sept. 16	— Japan	Matsu Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Oct. 1	— Japan	Meiho Maru	Jap.	
Oct. 22	—	Stasia	Am.	
Oct. 26	—	Shanghai	Chi.	M. & Co.
Oct. 31	— Japan	Hikoshima Maru	Jap.	Suzuki Co.
Nov. 2	— Singapore	Tosan Maru	Jap.	
Nov. 11	—	Kienhsin	Chi.	W. & Co.
Nov. 13	— Cruise	Chuentiao	Chi.	Custom
Nov. 20	—	Shingping	Chi.	
Nov. 23	— Japan	Nissho Maru	Jap.	F. & Co.
Nov. 26	—	Meichuen	Am.	Socony.
Dec. 1	—	Pechiney	Fr.	
Dec. 4	— San Francisco	Jordan Hill	Br.	D. & Co.
Dec. 6	— Japan	Bessie Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Dec. 7	—	Kanju Maru	Jap.	M. B. Co.
Dec. 9	— Cruise	Likin	Chi.	Customs
Dec. 12	— Seattle, Ports	Katia	Am.	M. & Co.
Dec. 13	— Ningpo	Meinan	Am.	S. Oil Co.
Dec. 17	—	Shibechi Maru	Jap.	
Dec. 23	— Hankow	Anlan	Br.	A. P. Co.
Dec. 23	— Hongkong	Polyphemus	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 23	— Vladivostock	Michail	Rus.	R.V.F.
Dec. 24	— Cruise	Store Nordiske	Dut.	H-C.T. Co.
Dec. 24	— Glasgow, etc.	Australian	Rus.	R.V.F.
Dec. 26	— Foochow	Hsinming	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 26	— Wenchow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 26	— Wuhu	Asiatica	Br.	A P Co.
Dec. 27	— Hongkong	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 27	— Vladivostock	Erivan	Rus.	R.V.F.
Dec. 27	— Hongkong	Toonan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 30	— Nagasaki	Erivan	Rus.	R. V. F.
Dec. 30	—	Melvilee Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Dec. 30	— Hankow	Fengyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Dec. 30	— Japan	Seifuku Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 30	— Japan	Fukuko Maru	Jap.	S.S.
Dec. 30	— Japan	Sarto Maru	Jap.	
Dec. 30	—	Hydra	Nor.	
Dec. 31	— Swatow	Paoting	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 31	— Chinwangtao	Kingsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec. 31	— Tsingtao	Tencho Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Dec. 31	— Tsingtao	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Dec. 31	— Japan	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 31	— Japan	Wakaba Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Dec. 31	— Japan	Kaijo Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Dec. 31	— Japan	Kokura Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 31	— Glasgow, etc.	Pembrokeshire	Br.	Glen Line
Dec. 31	— Hankow	Tachi Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Dec. 31	— Chefoo	Taishun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 31	— Hongkong	Aiki Maru	Jap.	

Arrivals

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Jan. 2	— Ningpo	Klangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 2	— Hankow	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 2	— Hankow	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 2	— Hankow	Siangyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Jan. 2	— Dalny	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Jan. 2	— Chinwangtao	Hern	Jap.	K. M. A.
Jan. 2	— Hongkong	Diwara	Br.	

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Jan. 1	— Hongkong and Manila	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Jan. 1	10.00* Swatow	Wingsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 1	10.00* Hongkong and Canton	Talsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 1	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kweilee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 1	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 2	9.00* Wuhu	Kweilin	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 2	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Klanghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 2	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 2	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwahlee	Chi.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 2	— Moji, Kobe and Osaka	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Jan. 2	— Foochow	Haean	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 2	— Ningpo	Klangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.

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WE LEAVE IT TO YOU TO JUDGE.—See the Goods and See the Prices and You will Admit that Shanghai has never Given You such a Chance Before.

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Peking Factions Maneuver About Naming Of Cabinet

Militarists Favor Its Appointment, Others Would Wait Till After Peace Conference

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, December 27.—There is very little political activity at present. Partly the holiday spirit is responsible, for the Government offices were closed on the 23rd for the Winter Solstice, and as they were to be closed on Christmas Day, not in celebration of Christmas but in commemoration of the raising of the standard of revolt in Yunnan by General Tsai Ao against President Yuan's monarchical program, many of them turned the two separated holidays into one by making the intervening day a holiday as well. Still there is a certain amount of what may be called masterly inactivity.

This displays itself in the movements round the Cabinet question. The extreme militarists, those of them who still think the militarist game is worth playing, are in favor of the nomination and approval of a full Cabinet. They profess to believe that with a reconstructed Cabinet the Government would have a very much stronger position at the forthcoming Conference. Nobody else sees how this would be, in fact there is a pretty widespread feeling that the Government would have a stronger position if it left the composition of the Cabinet alone, as an indication that at the close of the Conference the Cabinet would be re-constructed in accordance with the joint sentiments of the Government and of the representatives of the South. This applies even to the retention in office of Mr. Tsao Ju-lin.

Mr. Tsao Ju-lin's wings are very effectively clipped. He cannot borrow ten cents for any national purpose either in Japan or anywhere else. For the remainder of any term of office that he may have he is harmless, and it is necessary to retain him in office as he is probably the only man who can supply full information as to the commitments of the Government, and certainly he is the only man who can say where the borrowed money has gone.

There are other grounds too on which the Government might find it wise to leave the Cabinet alone at the present moment. During the past few days there has developed strong opposition to some of the nominations. About a fornight ago General Chang Tso-lin memorialised the Government on the new stipulation made by the Peking-Mukden railway that all freight and passenger payments must be made half in silver and half in Government bank notes. He sung a long song in the minor key about the disastrous effect that this stipulation would have on the poor people of Manchuria, and assured the Government that if the stipulation were not withdrawn he could not be responsible for peace and order in his province, and would feel compelled to resign.

At the time this threat was read in connection with recent utterances of General Chang's that seemed to suggest that he was going to bide his time and if necessary declare his independence of Peking; but a new interpretation is now given to this utterance. It is known that General Chang counted very largely upon Mr. Tsao Ju-lin's support for obtaining the Vice-Presidency; and General Chang had to leave Peking both without the Vice-Presidency and without any hope of getting it either for himself or for his nominee, namely, General Tsao K'un. Mr. Tsao Ju-lin having failed General Chang, General Chang is opposing the nomination of Mr. Tsao as Minister of Communications, and he is doing this through the opposition of the Manchurian members of parliament, who are all in his control. These members and their friends are sufficiently numerous to prevent the giving of parliamentary approval of Mr. Tsao's nomination.

Again, there are two groups of Anfu members who are likely to express their opposition somewhat forcibly. One group is opposed to the nomination of Mr. Kung, at present Civil Governor of Anhwei, to the post of Minister of Finance. The open ground of opposition is not stated but the real ground is that Mr. Kung is an Anhwei man and the affiliations of the Anfu Club are rather with the Chihli section of the Peiyang party, than with the Anhwei section. A second group is opposed to the nomination of the Prime Minister to the concurrent office of Minister of the Interior. Here again the exact ground of opposition does not appear, but the ostensible ground is that it is unwise, as experience has shown, to combine in one person two Cabinet offices. Either of these two groups would be strong enough to prevent any nomination to which it was opposed.

The Government just at this moment would not care for a parliamentary defeat, as anything of that kind would very greatly weaken its position at the coming Conference; and, as explained above, there is strong feeling, which it is believed is shared by the President, that a great deal is to be gained by at least giving the appearance of anxiety to do nothing until the Conference has met and thus until a full understanding has been reached with the South. These two reasons operating together will probably be regarded by the Government, which practically means the President and his immediate friends, as sufficient to induce it not to make any Cabinet nominations at present.

SHENSI PROVINCE QUIET BECAUSE OF ARMISTICE

Hupeh Troops Are Pouring In By Thousands To Evict Governor

China Press Correspondence

Sianfu, Shensi, December 20.—Shensi soldiers and robbers are now enjoying the rest which has come as the result of the armistice. It is reported that Peking now recognises Yu Yu-jen, Hu Lih-seng, and Goh Gien as revolutionaries. It is drawing a close distinction to cast the others out as robbers for Tsao Shi-ying, Fan Loa-er, Djang Beh-ying and Lo Djan-kwei have operated under instruction from Sanyuanhsien for the past several months. Djang Beh-ying is known as the Vice General of the Shensi revolutionary movement and the other three are heads among the six division leaders which constitute the Shensi revolutionary party. They are recognised as constituting part of the war council which is waging war against Governor Chen, and sit at the table in Sanyuan when plans are being laid for aggressive operations.

In Sian a few cases of looting have been reported but in each case the perpetrators have been decapitated. About one month ago the General having charge of the Handjungfu district soldiers joined the revolutionaries and took some five or six thousand soldiers with him. He is known as General Gwan. The troops which he led to the other side were well armed and supplied with ammunition.

Many people will be sorry to learn that the Royal City, inside Sian, is being most awfully disfigured. The bricks are being carted away to fortify barracks and strategic places about the city. This work is carried on without the least sign of system for on all sides patches of brickwork have been dug away from, here the top of the wall, there the bottom, about the gateways, and at the corners. It seems that the coolies run first here then there to find a cartload of bricks which they can pry out without much effort while a small piece of wall in the rear would furnish enough material to build a good many gun towers or make a lot of breastworks without disfiguring the whole place.

The many conflicting reports which have appeared in the papers recently regarding Shensi have been very confusing. We read that Peking has listened to the protest from the south regarding the sending of Fengtien troops and ordered them to proceed no further. We have definite, reliable information as follows: Some thousands of Hupeh soldiers occupy the east road from Sian, between Weinanhsien and Tunggwan. At Tunggwanting the Fengtien troops literally cover the ground. It is stated that there are already more than twenty thousand there and new arrivals are coming at the rate of a ying (500 men) a day from Gwanyingtang. Just why they have not come to Sian is a mystery to most people here. According to paper reports, and proclamations which have been posted up in the city, they have been on the road about seventy days. Rumor has it that they have instructions to unseat the Governor and when they arrive they want a force sufficient to make it apparent that resistence is not wisdom and thus they will carry out their instructions without bloodshed.

This morning early there was circulated by the officials here a paper addressed to all housholders and shops on this street instructing them that these long-looked-for troops were about to arrive and requesting or demanding that each house or shop supply one table and two benches. If some could not spare the same then they must put up the price of same. Should the furniture be broken before being restored then reimbursement would be made.

Only a few days ago one of Goh Gien's under officials with his men made a raid on mail and merchandise caravan en route to Kansu. The mail was looted and several cases of kerosene belonging to the C. I. M. were taken.

CLEARING ON BORDER

China Press Correspondence

Hoyanghsien, Shensi, December 20.—The war horizon is beginning to clear up along the border of the Yellow River, as the Shansi troops, well-equipped, well-disciplined and soldierly looking, are crossing the Yellow River at several places into this province. Their leaders, high and low officers and military surgeons and commissaries, are all well trained, amiable and fine-looking men. Quite a number of them from the Colonel downwards are members of the Y.M.C.A., so they have told me, while inquiring about the existence, or not, of such an organisation in this part of the province. They are such a contrast to the wild and brutal-looking officers and men we have been accustomed to see in this part! The only fault we, and all the peace and order-loving people in this part, find with them, rightly or wrongly, is that they are rather too cautious and slow in their march to take possession of these robber-stricken cities and districts which they have been ordered to recover for the Government.

The first cities they recovered were Hancheng and Hoyang and this was done without firing a shot. Even before reaching Hancheng the people there had risen en masse and driven the "robbers," as they called the "Tsing-kueh-chuin," out of their district. And no wonder, because the "Tsing-kueh-chuin" with very few exceptions, is treating the people even more cruelly and devilishly than even White Wolf's army did when running wild in this province. We gladly acknowledge that such leaders as U Tu-ren, King Wu-mo, Hu Li-seng, and of late, Chao "lao-kiu" constitute a striking contrast to the rest of them.

In Hoyanghsien (the cradle of China) the garrison consisting of some 800 men, whereof 600 were without weapons, who had taken away all the money that could be found in the city and every article of value capable of being carried away, prepared to make a farmidable resistance. But when the Shansi troops had gradually come to within a few li of the city wall and sent their last order to the garrison to leave within 12 hours or prepare to resist their heavy guns, they all cleared out of the city under cover of the dark, without firing a shot.

The next move of the Shansi troops seems to be Chenghsien and Pehshuihsien. It was in this latter place that the present revolution in this province was started by the famous general, Kho King-wu, the same that took possession of Hoyang and emptied every house and shop, carrying away sundry and all, and who has his home there. The fight for Chenghsien may commence at any time. The Shansi troops are only from 10-20 li from the northeast side of the city and the Honan troops coming via Tongchao are drawing in close from the south. Chao "lao-kiu," has prepared to make a bitter fight. But he is himself very nervous at present and so are his soldiers and thus they are running away at every chance they get. They have no friends now, who will fire over their heads, in the armies they are meeting, but soldiers who mean business.

It is clear from all appearance, that the revolters in Shensi are doomed, if the armies, who have now come to fight them, will do their duty. And every peace-loving person I have met rejoices at this prospect. And oh, how one wishes and prays that the salvation of this robber-stricken province may soon come!

Amusements

Victoria Theatre

PROGRAMME for January 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th

"MINOIS RIVER"
Interesting

"The Silent Terror"
Two Parts

"THE LURE OF THE UNATTAINABLE"
Two Parts

"When Eddie Took A Bath"
Comedy

"A Young Heart and A Wise Head"
Comedy

"Boobley's Baby"
Comedy

ISIS THEATRE
Corner of Jukong and North Szechuen Roads

PROGRAMME for Friday, Saturday and Sunday, 3rd, 4th and 5th January

"The Red Ace"
10th and 11th Episodes
and
Keystone and Chaplin Comedies

MATINEE, SATURDAY
"Who Is Number One?"

Amusements

OLYMPIC THEATRE

PROGRAMME for January 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th

NEW GAUMONT GRAPHIC

"WHAT HAPPENED TO JONES"
5 parts

"The Girl Guard and the Garret"
Comedy

"Keeping It Dark"
Comedy

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IN — The happy and quaint Frenchman — IN
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Matinee, Sunday 3 p.m.
"Who is No 1?"
Episode 13 "Cornered"
Episode 14 "No Surrender"

Matinee, Saturday 4 p.m.
"The Count of Monte Cristo"
Epoch 4 "Sindbad the Sailor"

Business and Official Notices

(Continued from Page 9)

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NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above-named Company will be held at No. 8B, Yuen Ming Yuen Road on Tuesday, the 7th January, 1919, when the subjoined resolutions, which were passed as Extraordinary Resolutions at the Extraordinary Meeting held on the 23rd December, 1918, will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolutions, viz:—

1. THAT it is desirable to liquidate the Company, and accordingly that the Company be wound up voluntarily.

2. THAT Messrs. S. A. Seth and A. H. Mancell, Public Accountants, jointly and severally, be and they are hereby appointed Liquidators for the purposes of such winding up.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
T. J. ROCHE,
Secretary.
20632

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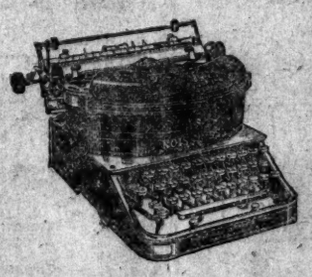

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